

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

CHANCELLORSVILLE.

A Picturesque View of the Great and Bloody Battle Field of May 1, 1863.

How the Blood-stained Grounds Looked Then and How They are Used To-day.

The Heroes of That Memorable Occasion and the Haunts Made Famous Then.

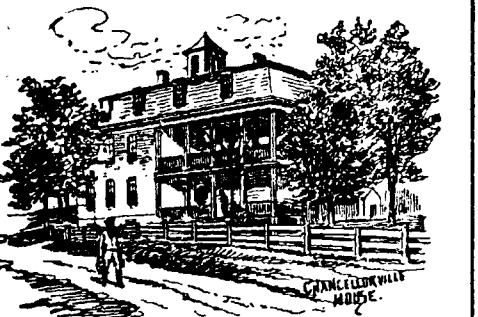
The Battle of Chancellorsville.

When the memory of the old soldier goes back to Chancellorsville, twenty-three years ago, who can describe his feeling. General Hooker stood at Spotsylvania commanding 132,938 Potomac soldiers and General Lee was on the heights of Fredericksburg with 62,000 men.

Backing Hooker were such warriors as Stoneman, Reynolds, Couch, Sickles, Meade, Sedgwick, Howard and Slocum. Lee had Jackson, Early and Anderson at his command, and there waged one of the fiercest battles on record, continuing from May 1 to May 4, 1863. A correspondent gives this account: In the summer of 1883 I visited again some of the famous southern battlefields. At Fredericksburg, Va., I procured a buggy and driver to drive to Chancellorsville. The driver was a young fellow of about 18 years, grown up since the war, but seemed to be well posted in regard to the various battles which had been fought in that section of the country, and gave me a good deal of information.

Our road led up the hill in rear of the town, by the stone wall and sunken road, which our men tried in vain so many times to carry, past the Mayre house, stopping for a few moments at the National cemetery, and then on to Chancellorsville.

The country presents but few natural features to attract the attention of the tourist. The farm houses seem large and comfortable, and for the most part the farms seem to be well tilled. I learned that many of them were owned and occupied by northern or western men who had settled there since the war. My driver informed me that he could always tell the farm of a northern man by the fine outbuildings he always builds as soon as he locates. And afterward found by observation that it was so. We passed through one section of the country which seemed to me to be a better place to fight a battle than Chancellorsville—plenty of room to deploy and maneuver large bodies of troops, which was not the case at Chancellorsville. I had been at the Chancellor house in 1878. The farm was then occupied on a lease by a Michigan farmer, and the villain charged me \$1.25 for a dinner of hog and hominy, and 25 cents for a glass of milk! May he never grow fat!



The house, which had been destroyed during the battle, had since been rebuilt in a substantial manner of brick. The pictures accompanying this sketch were made from photographs by J. K. Graeme, photographer, Fredericksburg, Va.

In 1883 the house was tenanted by one Bob Oliver, a native of the vicinity. He was a man of about 35 or 40 years of age, and together with his son, a young man of about 30, and with the help of a negro carried on the farm. They proved to be very pleasant people and in the two days I stayed with them I received from them nothing but kindness, and in the evening, sitting on the porch, I listened to his stories of war times with much pleasure. For some reason or other Bob had not been in the army, but ran a small farm five or six miles from Chancellorsville, and judging from the accounts of Bob and his good wife, they had rather a lively time of it. He is to be believed the Confederates were even worse than the Yankees—anything in the shape of green corn or the contents of the smokehouse was considered fair game, and a horse was not safe even in the cellar of a dwelling house. During the last year of the war this section of the country was more or less exposed to the raiding of both parties. The inhabitants were obliged to give up even the pretense of raising a crop and to depend upon luck for the means of keeping body and soul together.

All this reminds me that no matter how carefully a man may have been reared—no matter how much trouble may have been taken to instill into his mind a proper regard for the property rights of others—once let him get a uniform coat on his back, and he seems to lose all conception of meum and teum, and to have no more scruples about confiscating a chicken, an armful of corn, a hog, or even a horse, than a cat would have over dining off a pet canary bird. I know a man now living at Hyde Park who stole a blacksmith's heavy hammer, and the most notorious forger I ever knew was the son of an Episcopal clergyman of Boston, and besides, I confess, that like the man who was warning his son of the evil results of card playing, I speak from experience. The general features of the battlefield are about the same as in 1863. The grounds about the house, and the opening on the south side of the plank road in the direction of Hazel Grove, are still open and devoted to agriculture, and what was forest on the day of the battle is forest still. As but few of the trees are of a kind valuable for timber, but few have been cut, and those principally white oaks for railroad ties, and with the exception of a few places where the young growth has crept out into the open, there is no difficulty in recognizing localities. Of course, the chief point of interest to me was the position occupied by Grant's—formerly Grover's—brigade, to which I belonged, in the right of the plank

road, and a short distance into the woods. I readily found the spot where I was captured. The two saplings between which I had twisted the barrel of my musket when capture became certain, had grown to be as large as my thigh; the ground about was still strewn with such of the debris as was not quickly perishable, such as belt plates, buttons and the other iron portions of a soldier's kit, and under the fallen leaves I found more than fifty bullets in a search of less than ten minutes. A short distance in front of the position held by the First Massachusetts regiment there is a wood road leading on to the right, and in the angle of the two roads stands a boulder about 4½ feet high; its other dimensions are about 2½



feet each way. It is a common quartz, brought there by a Fredericksburg gentleman, and is supposed to mark the spot where Jackson fell. But I was informed by the people residing about there that the exact spot is some thirty feet from the stone. The "rude memorial" bears no inscription, and has been much mutilated by relic hunters.

In roaming through the woods that afternoon I suddenly came on a human skeleton. It lay close to the foot of a large oak tree, and was partially hidden by bushes and fallen leaves; the imperishable portions of the dead soldier's outfit lay with these bones, and the buttons and waist-belt plate showed him to have been one of our men. There was a hole about the size of a walnut through the left temple and a larger one in the back part of the right side of the head. Of course, there was nothing about to establish his identity. In mentioning the circumstance to Mr. Oliver and expressing surprise that the remains had not been picked up and interred at the National cemetery, he laughed, and said that if I wished he or his son would show me "right smart more of



them to-morrow." And true enough, he did take me to a place where, in a spot not larger than an ordinary suburban house lot, lay the skeletons of five men, three of whom were ours. He told me it was a common thing for northern visitors to carry away human bones as mementoes of their visit.

While in the woods I started several deer and twenty-five or thirty wild turkeys, and I never saw quail more abundant than they were in and about the openings.

In the evening, seated upon the piazza, I listened to the old man's stories. It seemed that when Hooker's advance reached the house it was occupied by Mrs. Chancellor and her daughter. When Hooker arrived in person he took possession of the place for headquarters, and finding the ladies there refused to allow them to leave to go to their friends, which was proper enough, but would not even let them go to a place of safety in the rear of our army, but made them remain in the house till the shells of the enemy had set it on fire and he was obliged to abandon it himself. The house was completely consumed, as well as some of our wounded who were in it at the time.

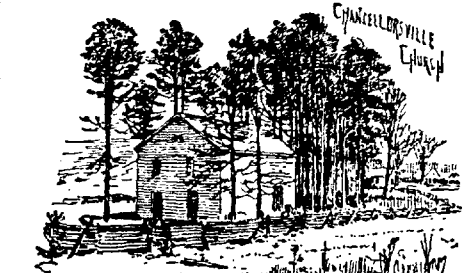
The stories of the guileless Robert are not all to be believed, however. Pointing to a twelve-pound shot sticking into the west wall of the house, about twenty feet from the ground, he said, "Do you see that tar-bomb up there?" I nodded in acquiescence. "Well, that tar-bomb came from one of Jackson's cannons on that hill, and stuck in that tar wall." I at once called his attention to the fact that a shot coming from "that" hill would strike "that" wall at such an angle that it could not "stick," but would inevitably glance off; that that portion of the wall had evidently been rebuilt since the battle, as shown by the fresh condition of the mortar; and besides, I remembered distinctly that when we passed the spot in May, 1864, the wall was down. The ball had been



STONEWALL JACKSON.

placed there when the wall was rebuilt, but will answer all purposes to show to strangers. By the way, there are a good many bullets lying in the grass in the door yard, but as they don't seem to be bruised or misshapen I have a great notion that the gentle Robert has "salted" the place. He told me a story of a darky going over the field a day or two after the battle to see what he could pick up; while going through the pockets of one of the dead he fancied he saw the corpse move. Oliver declares that the

son of Ham instantly turned white, took to his heels with the speed of a quarter horse, and was seen no more in that part of the country. But that story may be as apocryphal as the one about the "bomb."



As 9 o'clock drew near the family retired to their apartments, but I remained on the piazza alone till far into the morning. The night was clear and beautiful, the moon shone as brightly as on that terrible night in May, '63, when she looked down on that scene of horror. Not a sound to break the stillness except the occasional hoot of an owl in the forest back of the house and the mournful voices of the whippoorwills. I found myself wondering if they could be the same that sang their doleful songs that night twenty years ago over the stark and mangled forms that lay in the track of Jackson's victorious columns.

Then the recollections crowded upon me! Again I heard the booming of those guns which, late in the afternoon of the 30th of May, awakened us so rudely from our fancied security. Again the bugle sounded to call us once more to battle. Again we marched by the house where stood the old general we had followed so long—happily, his white hair the sport of the breeze. There on the plank road were the routed columns of the Eleventh corps—men, horses, guns, all in one inextricable mass, fleeing to a place of safety. There to the left is Hazel Grove, once in our possession, and the relinquishment of which made all this disaster possible. Down that wood road leading from Hazel Grove rode Maj. Huey, at the head of the Eighth Pennsylvania corps, and plunged headlong into the center of Jackson's line, ordered to check them at any cost. And what a cost! Maj. and horses went down by scores, and of all the officers the commander alone escaped unhurt, his horse bleeding from twenty wounds. There on that ridge Pleasanton placed the twenty guns and threw double canister into the faces of the enemy. Through that woods, at dead of night, swept Birney's division to



strike the enemy before he should have time to reform. There in that gloomy wood on road Jackson—Lee's right arm—went to his long account. Close to the woods Berry fell; I see him now, as then, hands thrown into the air, the sword falling from his lifeless fingers. There was Hooker himself, striving to check the flight of the panic-stricken fugitives, and to wrest victory from the grasp of defeat.

All there were other sounds than the mournful notes of the whippoorwill with which the air was laden on those fair May nights twenty long years ago. The bright moonlight fell on other forms than those of the trees. Then field and forest resounded with the shrieks of mortal agony and the moon saw thousands of God's creatures, made by His own hand, in His own image, lying stark and stiff in valley and on hillside, wrapped in that slumber which knows no awakening. J. C. RILEY, "Blue Coat."

DR. BEN MOMMER.

A Young Man of Honor to His Profession.

It is always a pleasure to commend a young man who aspires to win an honored place in life and reach the top in a chosen calling. It is the purpose to refer to Dr. Ben Mommer, son of Mr. Joseph Mommer, who has established cozy dental parlors in his father's block on Calhoun street. Doctor Mommer is a graduate of the dental department of the Ann Arbor university, and a distinguished graduate of the great Central Dental school of Iowa. He has been a close, profound student and adds to his book and school knowledge a practical knowledge of dentistry from his service in the office of Dr. Sites, Doctor Mommer has all the paraphernalia of his profession, and his office arrangements and facilities are unsurpassed in the west. The young doctor is all honor, and THE SENTINEL feels that his patrons will be more than pleased with his professional services.

Self Lighting Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

Kyle & Reid, the One Price Hatters, will remove to No. 80 Calhoun street, about May 4. 2t

Staub Bros. are agents for Hot Air Furnaces, No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23tf

Staub Bros. are headquarters for Gasoline Stoves and Refrigerators. 24-mws

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23tf

The Quick Meal and Crown Jewel Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros. Store. 24-mws

Pantries 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-tf

Store your Stoves with Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

FOR EIGHT HOURS!

Chicago is in the Throes of the Greatest Labor Revolt on Record.

The Wabash Freight Handlers and the Employees of Other Lines Quit Work.

The Strikers Marching Behind Bands of Music—The Labor Troubles Elsewhere.

The Universal Strike.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Seven furniture manufacturers on Jefferson street closed their factories last night to await the action of the executive committee of the Furniture Manufacturers' association. This locks out over 700 men.

Fully 500 striking railroad freight handlers met this morning. After speeches in favor of enforcing the demand now for shorter hours, the men started for the Wabash freight yards to urge the men employed to stop work. The crowd increased in size as it moved. They entered the Wabash yards and men there at once began quitting work and soon joined others in a body and went to the Rock Island and Louisville and New Albany and Chicago, where they met the same success.

The employees of the pork packers heard reports last night from some houses generally favorable to the adoption of the eight hour system, with a slight change in pay. They met again to hear the full reports. The men are disposed to give the packers time to consult and agree.

The freight handlers of the Illinois Central have asked for the eight hour system with ten hours a day, and want an answer by 4 o'clock to-day.

The handlers of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern expect to quit to-day, having been refused eight hours work with ten hours pay. The handlers of the Louisville and New Albany and Chicago and Atlantic have made the same demand but received no reply.

The Western Boot and Shoe Manufacturers association have adopted a constitution and by laws and appointed an executive committee to take care of all disputes and manage the general concerns of the association. The shoe cutters assembly announce that after Monday next the men would work eight hours for two weeks, when a schedule of prices will be adopted.

The planing mill, lumber yard and box factory proprietors have called a meeting for to-night, pending which all lumber yards, planing mills and box factories are closed.

The Lake Shore men have joined the striking freight handlers.

The even hundred men in Kirk's soap factory have just struck, and the procession headed by a band is visiting other factories, endeavoring to shut them down.

The drivers and conductors on the Blue Island avenue line demanded a reduction of their trips from seven to six without decrease in pay. The company acceded.

Two hundred men employed by the West Division street car company in the extension of their lines, struck for eight hours. The company allowed the men to go.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Michigan Central freight handlers have stopped work and are marching quietly through the streets. About ten men in the Michigan Central yards refused to join the strikers and police protection was sought by the officers of the road. The police soon appeared and succeeded in clearing the depot without using violence, although the men grumbled at being forced back, claiming their intentions were peaceable.

AT ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Several hundred carpenters attended a meeting last night and it was decided that, beginning to-day, they would work eight hours with eight hours pay. The bosses have agreed to the proposition.

All the plumbers in the city, numbering 200 quit work this morning. They demand the eight hour system without decrease in wages. The employers are asking time to consider.

One hundred and fifty employees of the Leggett & Meyers' tobacco manufacturing company struck for an increase of one cent per hundred pounds.

Two hundred and fifty ink works employees struck for eight hours without a reduction of wages.

The congressional investigating committee began an examination of business men, with a view of finding the extent of the loss to business by reason of the late strike on the Missouri Pacific.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 1.—The Woodburn-Sarkis Wheel company, the largest establishment of the kind in the country, refuses to pay ten hours wages for eight hours' work, and have closed the factory until Wednesday, at which time employees desiring to resume operations at present rates will be given work.

AT PITTSBURG.

PITTSBURG, May 1.—The furniture manufacturers having refused to grant their employees their demands for eight hours, a general strike was inaugurated to-day. Nearly every furniture factory

in Pittsburgh and Allegheny is closed. Over 600 men are idle.

The stone cutters are also out for nine hours a day. The employers are generally conceding the demand.

Five thousand men in the mining district have gone to work at the new scale of seventy-one cents per ton.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

GRAND RAPIDS, May 1.—The furniture manufacturers and employees have adjusted their difficulties, beginning Monday with an eight hour system, the matter of wages varying in the different factories.

MILLS THREATENED.

CONCORD, N. H. May 1.—E. S. Harris, proprietor of the woolen mill at Penacook, has made an oath that he believes his property is threatened by mob violence, and has notified the select men that he shall hold the town responsible for its protection. Special policemen have been appointed. The select men ordered the officers of the Knights of Labor, who ordered the strike, that they will be held answerable in the courts for any damage suffered by the town.

AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 1.—About 500 employees of the furniture manufacturers and 100 employees of the Brunswick & Balke company, billiard table manufacturers, are out in consequence of the refusal to grant ten hours pay for eight hours work. In other branches of the industry, while there is general feeling in favor of eight hours a day, nothing has been done toward enforcing the system.

AT MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, May 1.—All the brewers and masters in the city struck to-day. Not less than 3,000 men are affected.

AT ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 1.—Cigar makers commenced work on the eight hour plan to-day. They are paid by the piece.

AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, May 1.—Journeymen brewers, between 250 and 300, struck this morning for nine hours a day at ten hours' pay. Five breweries granted the demands unconditionally. No trouble in other branches of industry.

AT BOSTON.

BOSTON, May 1.—Carpenters, joiners and plumbers, five thousand men in all, have resolved to demand eight hours Monday. They will strike if the demand is refused. Two hundred master builders say they will close business rather than submit to the demands.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—All the employees at one extensive brewery struck this morning. All work is stopped.

A STRIKE SUMMARY.

NEW YORK, May 1.—In summarizing the labor troubles Bradstreet's says that eight hours have been granted to 32,000 employees; that 75,000 persons have petitioned for eight hours, and that 105,000 men will strike—80,000 for eight hours and 20,000 for nine hours. At leading centers it is estimated that 225,000 persons are interested in the eight hour movement.

The Third Avenue Railroad Company at New York has hired cowboys from the South and West to run its cars. The wild Westerners appear to be anxious for a chance to use their revolvers.

AB, THERE!

Lay off that last winter's hat and go to Golden & Monahan's, 66 and 68 Calhoun street, and get one that will be an ornament to your cranium. They have just received a fine line of all the latest styles in fine goods and straws which they are offering exceedingly low. They are also exclusive western agents for the celebrated Dunlap hats and have their spring styles in stock. We keep a fine line of goods furnishing goods. 1t

Fine pantries, only 25 cents a dozen at Markey Brothers' greenhouses, corner Jefferson and Ewing streets. 1-4t

Everybody will eat, and why not eat the best as made at Niederberger's Bakery. He sells the choicest and best of everything in his line. 1t

For your Sunday supply of Fresh Baked Bread, Cakes, Rolls, etc., go to Niederberger's Bakery. He keeps the best of everything and can meet the wants of everybody. 1t

Strike at Ward's Cheap Crockery Store.

Best Iron Stone China dinner plates 70c per dozen.
Best Iron Stone China tea plates 60c per dozen.
Best Iron Stone China cups and saucers 70c per dozen.
Best Iron Stone China bowl and pitcher 75c each.
Best Iron Stone China covered chamber 60c each.
Good Lamp Chimneys 3c each.
Decorated Chamber Sets \$2.
Bargains in Glass Ware at half price. May 1, dit-wt.

Proclamation.

Notice is hereby given to all saloon keepers and other retail dealers in intoxicating liquors in the city of Fort Wayne that they must on Tuesday, the 4th day of May, 1886, between the hours 6 a. m. and 6 p. m., keep their saloons or other places where intoxicating liquors are sold, closed or they will be prosecuted according to law. I charge the city marshals and police officers to report for prosecution any and all persons violating this order.

Witness my hand and official seal of the city, this 1st day of May, 1886.
CHARLES F. MUEHLER, Mayor.

1-2t
Pantries 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 23-tf

FORT WAYNE MEN!

Quit Their Places and Join the Throng of Parading Strikers at Chicago.

The Marching Lumbermen Greeted by Red Flags and Advice to Fire Yards.

The Tumultuous Crowd Assembled on Lake Street to Hear Music and Fiery Speeches.

The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Strike.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

CHICAGO, May 1.—The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago yard and freight men all stopped work in obedience to the demands of the marching strikers.

INCITING ARSON.

The Lumbermen's procession was greeted by red flags from a number of saloons on the way. It dissolved at one o'clock without damage. At a mass meeting a number of speeches were made. One speaker advised the burning of every lumber yard whose proprietors refused the demands.

GREAT CROWDS.

CHICAGO, May 1.—3 p. m.—Lake street, from Clinton to Desplaines, is packed solidly with people. Red flags are conspicuous, bands are playing and the crowds are being addressed in German and English. No disturbance has occurred. A good sized force of police is on the scene.

Pennsylvania Dividend.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 1.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent, capital, clear of state taxes, payable March 28th.

A Big Elevator Burned.

By Telegraph to THE SENTINEL.

KANSAS CITY, May 1.—The Advance elevator, Minter Bros., proprietors, was burned at midnight. Loss estimated at \$100,000; insurance on the building, \$17,000.

A Bishop Dead.

ST. LOUIS, May 1.—Charles Franklin Robertson, bishop of the diocese of Missouri, died this morning from a complication of diseases. The funeral occurs Wednesday next.

Base Ball.

League ball games Friday resulted: Chicago, 6; Kansas City, 5, thirteen innings.—Philadelphia, 12; Nationals, 3.—New York, 10; Boston, 2.—St. Louis, 8; Detroit, 6.

Moody at Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 1.—D. L. Moody is expected to commence to-morrow, at the Casino rink, a revival campaign of eight days.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Wheat, easy, 78½; Corn, easy, 35½. Oats, easy, 29½.

These excursions to Rome City are booked for the month of June. On the 4th Zion's Lutheran Singing Society, 5th, the Y. M. C. A.; 12th, the Moulders at the Bass foundry; 14th, the Knights of Labor; 24th, the Sunday school of the Wayne street M. E. church.

Fred Schust has been appointed as baggage master of the Wabash at this point in place of Fred Hollenbeck, who resigned.

Geraniums, 40c a dozen, at the City Green House. 23-tf

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received at the residence of Rev. J. H. Ochtering until Monday, May 3, 10 a. m., for laying of the foundation walls of St. Mary's Catholic church. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Henry Berghoff. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Bonds for faithful performance of contract will be required.

By order of building committee. 30-2t J. H. OCHTERING, Pastor.

Pure Saratoga Water, "Excelsior Spring," on draught, 5 cents a glass, at Dreier Bros. 23-tf

Given Away.

Every purchaser, excepting thread customers, will be presented with a gift lace pin after 6 o'clock this evening. SAMUEL CHASKA, 72 Calhoun street.

Don't fail to visit the Model Bakery this evening for your Sunday's supply in delicacies.

Geraniums, 40c a doz., at the City Green House. april23tf

I beg leave to announce that the opening of the Tivoli Garden resort will take place Sunday afternoon, May 2. The City band will give a fine concert. The best order will be maintained and polite attendance given to the wishes of the visitors. No admission fee will be charged. The garden will from now on be open every day and can be had by societies and families for picnics.

PETER NUSBAUM, Proprietor. thurs&sat

FOR RENT.—House No 234 High street four good rooms, cistern well and all accommodations complete. 1-4t

TROTTER HORSE

The year 1824 marks the day when 240 was considered a remarkable trotting record for a mile. Maud S., the present champion, came to the front in 1880 with 2:10, while her record is now 2:08. Sporting men claim that the horse will yet be bred which can go a mile in two minutes, while others hold that Maud S.'s time cannot be beaten.

Not less surprising than this rapid reduction in the trotters' time is the speed with which Athiophoros has grown into public favor. As a single instance of its efficacy may be mentioned the case of Mr. W. D. Murphy, of No. 310 Yandes street, Indianapolis, Indiana, who tells this story:

"I first contracted rheumatism in the war, in which I served four years and six months. After returning from service the disease seemed to assume a periodical form. I would have at least two attacks every year, and between these attacks I would suffer all the time. Often I could not walk or get out of bed, and the disease would catch me in the legs, so that while standing I would feel as if I were about to fall. It was one afternoon that I took my first dose of Athiophoros, and then at night I took another. I slept soundly that night. The next morning when I awoke I had no pain. I took a few doses more, but in all used only about two-thirds of a bottle before my rheumatism was gone. That was over a year ago, and since then I have had only a slight twinge. So great is my confidence in Athiophoros that I have recommended it to many different people. Among them is a Mrs. Wright, a lady seventy years old, who was entirely rid of all her pain by the medicine after suffering from rheumatism for fifteen years. In every instance it gave entire satisfaction."

Mr. R. Forster, a dealer in furniture at No. 320 Main St., Terre Haute, Ind., who tells the following:

"I have used Athiophoros with the very best satisfaction. I had neuralgia for years, and used about every medicine for it without obtaining any relief until I began taking Athiophoros. I was told of the remedy by a friend who bought a bottle of it for me, and I took some that same night. The next day I was as free from pain as if I had never had neuralgia. I went out and spent several hours in a walk which the day before would have been misery to me. During the summer months I am never troubled with neuralgia, but if I should be again I would certainly use Athiophoros, of whose merits I am fully convinced. I have a bottle on hand, but have no use for it at present. I have recommended it to several persons, and have yet to learn of a single instance where it did not accomplish its mission of good work."

Miss Kate Warren, of Stockwell, Ind., who says that she has not been able to effect a complete cure in her case because of inability to obtain Athiophoros when she desired to use it, nevertheless gives this testimony to its merits:

"I have used Athiophoros and have been very much benefited by it. I heartily recommend it to all I meet who are suffering from that dreadful disease, rheumatism."

If you cannot get ATHIOPHOROS of your druggist, we will send it express paid, on receipt of regular price—two dollars per bottle. We prefer that you buy it from your druggist, but if he hasn't it, do not be persuaded to try something else, but order at once from the factory, directed to ATHIOPHOROS CO., 112 Wall Street, New York.



For fifteen years, they have steadily gained in favor, and with sales constantly increasing have become the most popular corset throughout the United States.

The G quality is warranted to wear twice as long as ordinary Corsets. We have lately introduced the G and H grades with Extra Long Waists, and we can furnish them when preferred.

Highest awards from all the World's Great Fairs. The last medal received is for First Degree of Merit, from the late Exposition held at New Orleans.

While scores of patents have been found worthless, the principles of the Glove-Fitting have proved invaluable. Retailers are authorized to refund money, if on examination, these Corsets do not prove as represented. For sale everywhere.

Catalogue free on application.

THOMSON, LANGDON & CO., New York, March 4-60443m

33,000 ACRES MINNE-OTA Lands are to be sold at Public Auction. The Trustee of the Estate of Jay Cooke & Co., in Bankruptcy, will offer for sale to the highest bidder 33,000 acres of valuable lands yet remaining. The tract must be disposed of immediately so as to settle with creditors. Such an opportunity is rarely offered for a safe and paying investment. Sale takes place at the Chicago Real Estate Board, Room 5, 161 LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill., Wednesday, May 26, at 12 noon. Each tract sold separately. Address W. J. Barney & Co., 27 Tribune Building, Chicago, Ill., or to James O. Young, Cedar Rapids, Iowa. April 26-60443m

All Sorts of hurts and many sorts of ails of man and beast need a cooling lotion. Mustang Liniment.

There are a few Druggists who care more to make a large profit on a worthless article than to wait for the property that ultimately results from honest dealing. These are the men who when asked for a Benson's Capsule, will recommend for some cheap and trashy substitute or imitation, saying it is "just as good." Sometimes they will do up and sell the miserable imitation without remark, allowing the customer to suppose he has Benson's. If the valueless plaster is returned, Cheap John will say he made a mistake—if not, he has done a good business. The public are cautioned against John and all his ilk. Buy of respectable druggists only. The genuine Benson's plaster has "Three Stars" trade mark and the word "Capsule" cut in the center. It is

"CHRIST IS RISEN."

Rev. Dr. Talmage Tells His Hearers of the Great Glories of the Hereafter,

"Eastertide" Being the Subject of His Discourse—The Floral Decorations.

The Brooklyn tabernacle was elaborately decorated Easter Sunday, both on platform and galleries. The subject of the sermon was "Eastertide." Dr. Talmage took his text from I. Cor. xv., 20: "Now is Christ risen from the dead, and become the first fruits of them that slept." He spoke as follows:

On this glorious Easter morning, amid the music and flowers, I give you Christian salutation. This morning Russian meeting Russian on the streets of St. Petersburg hails him with the salutation, "Christ is risen," and is answered by his friend in salutation, "He is risen indeed." In some parts of England and Ireland to this very day there is the superstition that on Easter morning the sun dances in the heavens; and well may we forgive such a superstition, which illustrates the fact that the natural world seems to sympathize with the spiritual.

Hail! Easter morning. Flowers! Flowers! All of them a voice, all of them a tongue, all of them full of speech to-day. I bend over one of the lilies and I hear it say: "Consider the lilies of the field, how they grow; they toil not, neither do they spin; yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed as one of these." I bend over a rose and it seems to whisper: "I am the rose of Sharon." And then I stand and listen. From all sides there comes the chorus of flowers, saying: "If God so clothe the grass of the field, which to-day is and to-morrow is cast into the oven, shall He not much more clothe you, O ye of little faith?"

Flowers! Flowers! Braid them into the bride's hair. Flowers! Flowers! Strew them over the graves of the day, sweet prophecy of the resurrection. Flowers! Flowers! Twist them into a garland for my Lord Jesus on Easter morning. "Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Ghost; as it was in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be."

Why, if a rainbow this morning had fallen and struck the galleries and struck the platform the scene could not have been more radiant. Oh! how bright and how beautiful the flowers, and how much they make me think of Christ and his religion, that brightens everything it touches, brightens our life, brightens our character, brightens society, brightens the church, brightens everything. You who go with gloomy countenance, pretending you are better than I am because of your ingenuity, you cannot cheat me. You old hypocrite! I know you. Pretty case you are for a man that professes to be more than conqueror. It is not religion that makes you gloomy, it is the lack of it. There is just as much religion in a wedding as in a burial, just as much religion in a smile as in a tear. Those gloomy Christians we sometimes see are the people to whom I like to lend money, for I never see them again! The women came to the Saviour's tomb and they dropped spices all around the tomb, and those spices were the seed that began to grow, and from them came all the flowers of this Easter morn. The two angels robed in white took hold of the stone at the Saviour's tomb, and they hurled it with such force down the hill that it crashed in the door of the world's sepulcher, and the stark and the dead must come forth.

I care not how labyrinthine the mausoleum, or how costly the sarcophagus, or how reverently partitioned the family grounds, we want them all broken up by the Lord of the resurrection. They must come out. Father and mother, they must come out. Husband and wife, they must come out. Brother and sister, they must come out. Our darling children, they must come out. The eyes that we close with such trembling fingers must open again in the radiance of that morn. The arms we fold in dust must join ours in an embrace of reunion. The voice that was hushed in our dwelling must be returned. Oh, how long some of you seem to be waiting—waiting for the resurrection, waiting! And for these broken hearts to-day I make a soft, cool bandage out of Easter flowers.

Six years ago, the night before Easter, I received an Easter card on which there was a representation of that exquisite flower, the trumpet-crocus, and under it the words: "The trumpet shall sound, and the dead shall rise." There was especial reason why at that time I should have that card sent me, and I present the same consolation to-day to all in this house—and who has escaped?

My friend, this morning I find in the risen Christ a prophecy of our own resurrection, my text setting forth the idea that as Christ has risen so His people will rise. He, the first fruit of the resurrection harvest; He, "the first fruits of them that slept." Before I get through this morning I will walk through all the cemeteries of the dead, through all the country graveyards, where your loved ones are buried, and I will pluck off these flowers and I will drop a sweet promise of the gospel—a rose of hope, a lily of joy—on every tomb—the child's tomb, the husband's tomb, the wife's tomb; the father's grave, the mother's grave; and while we celebrate the resurrection of Christ we will at the same time celebrate the resurrection of all the good. "Christ the first fruits of them that slept."

If I should come to you this morning and ask you for the names of the great conquerors of the world you would say Alexander, Caesar, Philip, Napoleon I. Ah, my friends, you have forgotten to mention the name of a greater conqueror than all these—a cruel, a ghastly conqueror. He, the conqueror on a black horse across Waterloo, Atlanta, and Chalons, the bloody hoofs crushing the hearts of nations. It is the conqueror Death. He carries a black flag and he takes no prisoners. He digs a trench across the hemispheres and fills it with the carcasses of nations. Fifty times would the world have been depopulated had not God kept making new generations. Fifty times would the world have swung lifeless through the air—no man on the moribund ship plowing through immensity.

Again and again has He done this work with all generations. He is a monarch as well as a conqueror; his palace a sepulcher, his fountains the falling tears of a world. Blessed be God, in the light of this Easter morning I see the prophecy that his scepter shall be broken and his palace shall be demolished! The hour is coming when all who are in their graves shall come forth. Christ risen, we shall rise. Jesus, "the first fruits of them that slept."

Now, according to this doctrine of the resurrection there are a great many mysteries. You come to me this morning and say: "If the bodies of the dead are to be raised, how is this, and how is that?" and you ask me a thousand questions I am incompetent to answer; but there are a great many things you believe that are not able to explain. You would be a very foolish man to say "I won't believe anything I can't understand." Why putting down one kind

of flower-seed comes there up this flower of this color? Why putting down another flower-seed comes there up a flower of this color?—one flower white, another flower yellow, another flower crimson. Why the difference when the seeds look to be very much alike—are very much alike? Explain these things. Explain that wart on the finger. Explain why the oak leaf is different from the leaf of the hickory. Tell me how the Lord Almighty can turn the heart of the ox to the heart of a man. You ask me questions about the resurrection I cannot answer. I will ask you a thousand questions about every-day life you cannot answer.

I find my strength in this passage: "All who are in their graves shall come forth." I do not pretend to make the explanation. You go on and say: "Suppose a returned missionary dies in Brooklyn; when he was in China his foot was amputated; he lived a year here in England; he is buried to-day in Greenhow; in the resurrection will the foot come from China, and will the different parts of the body be reconstructed in the resurrection? How is that possible?"

You say that the human body changes every seven years, and by seventy years of age a man has had ten bodies; in the resurrection which will come up? You say: "A man will die and his body crumble into the dust and that dust be taken up into the life of the vegetable; an animal may eat the vegetable, men eat the animal; in the resurrection that body, distributed in so many directions, how shall it be gathered up?" Have you any more questions of this style to ask? Come in and ask them. I do not pretend to answer them. I fall back upon the announcement of God's word: "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

You have noticed, I suppose, in reading the story of the resurrection, that almost every account of the Bible gives the exact character of the resurrection body. It will be great sound. I do not know that it will be very loud, but I know it will be very penetrating. In the mausoleum where silence has reigned a thousand years that voice must penetrate. In the coral cave of the deep that voice must penetrate. Millions of spirits will come through the gates of eternity, and they will cry to the tombs of the earth and they will cry: "Give us back our bodies; we want them to go to corruption—undo them now in incorruption." Hundreds of spirits hovering about the crags of Gettysburg, for there the bodies are buried. A hundred thousand spirits coming to Greenwood, for there the bodies are buried, waiting for the reunion of body and soul.

All along the sea route from New York to Liverpool, at every few miles, where a steamer went down, departed spirits coming back are hovering over the wave. There is where the City of Boston perished. Foundered. This is where the President perished. Steamer down! There is where the Central America went down. Spirits hovering, hundreds of spirits hovering; waiting for the reunion of body and soul. Out on the prairie a spirit alights. There is where a traveler died in the snow. Crash goes Westminster abbey and the poets and orators come forth. Wonderful mingling of good and bad. Wilberforce the good; Queen Elizabeth the bad. Crash go the pyramids of Egypt, and the monarchs come forth.

Who can sketch this scene? I suppose that one moment before that general rising there will be an eternal silence save as you hear the grinding of a wheel, or the clatter of the hoofs of a procession passing into the cemetery. Silence in all the caves of the earth. Silence on the side of the mountain. Silence down in the valleys and far out into the sea. Silence. But in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, as the archangel's trumpet comes pealing, rolling, crashing across the mountains and sea, the earth will give one terrific shudder and the graves of the dead will heave like the wave of the sea, and Ostend and Sebastopol and Chalons will stalk forth in the lurid air, and the drowned will come up and wring out their wet locks above the billow, and all the land and all the sea become one moving mass of life—all faces, all ages and conditions gazing in one direction and upon one throne, the throne of resurrection. "All who are in their graves shall come forth."

"But," you say, "if this doctrine of the resurrection is true as prefigured by this Easter morning, Christ 'the first fruits of them that slept,' Christ rising, a promise and a prophecy of the rising of all His people, can you tell us something about the resurrected body?" I can. There are mysteries about that, but I shall tell you three or four things in regard to the resurrected body that are beyond guessing and beyond mistake.

In the first place I remark, in regard to your resurrected body, it will be a glorious body. The body we have now is a skeleton of what it would have been if sin had not marred and defaced it. Take the most exquisite statue that was ever made by an artist, and chip it here and chip it there with a chisel, and batter and bruise it and there and then stand it out in the storms of a hundred years, and the beauty would be gone. Well, the human body has been chipped and battered and bruised and damaged with the storms of a thousand years—that face veiled with the crimes of generations coming down from generation to generation, we inheriting the infelicities of past generations; but in the morning of the resurrection the body will be adorned and beautified according to the original model, and there is no such difference between a gymnast and an emaciated wretch in a lazaret, as there will be a difference between our bodies as they are now and as they will be then.

There you will see the perfect eye after the waters of death have washed out the stains of tears and study. There you will see the perfect hand, after the knots of toil have been untied from the knuckles. There you will see the form erect and elastic, after the burdens have gone off the shoulder—the very life of God in the body.

In this world the most impressive thing, the most expressive thing, is the human face; but that face we have by day, by night, and death are all the time trying to get their prey under the tennement or to push us off the embankment of the grave, but blessed be God! in the resurrection we will get a body immortal. No malaria in the air, no cough, no neuralgia twinge, no rheumatic pang, no fluttering of the heart, no shortness of breath, no ambivalence, no dispensary, no hospital, no invalid's chair, no spectacles to impair the dim vision of the eyes, no aches and pains indescribable this morning; O ye who are never well, O ye who are harassed with physical dis-

tresses, let me tell you of the resurrected body, free from all disease! Immortal! immortal!

I go further and say in regard to that body which you are to get in the resurrection, it will be a powerful body. We walk now eight or ten miles and we are fatigued. We lift a few hundred pounds and we are exhausted; unarmed we meet a wild beast, and we must run, or fly, or climb, or dodge, because we are incompetent to meet it. We toil eight or ten hours vigorously and we are weary; but in the resurrection we are to have a body that never gets tired. Is it not a glorious thought?

Plenty of occupation in heaven, I suppose, and Broadway, New York, in the busiest season of the year at noonday, is not so busy as heaven is all the time. Grand projects of mercy for other worlds. Victories to be celebrated. The downfall of despotic empires to be announced. Great songs to be learned and sung. Great expeditions on which God shall send forth all his children. Plenty to do, but no fatigue. If you are seated under the tree of life it will not be to rest but to talk over with some old comrade old times—the battles where you fought shoulder to shoulder. Jacob and the angel wrestled together. Jacob was not hurt because the angel favored him. But once get your resurrected body and the angel could not wrestle you down. It is impossible to wrestle down the giants of God on high—strong, supple, unexhausted, mighty, immortal. Oh, is it not a glorious thought?

Sometimes in this world we feel we would like to have such a body as that. There is so much work to be done for Christ, there are so many tears to be wiped away, there are so many burdens to lift, there is so much to be achieved for Christ, we sometimes wish that we had the body of an angel. The last of December we could toil on without stopping to sleep or take any recreation, or to rest, or even to take food—that we could toil right on without stopping a moment in our work of commending Christ and heaven to all the people. But we all get tired.

It is a characteristic of the human body in this condition. We must get tired. Is it not a glorious thought that after awhile, in the service of God, we are going to have a body that will never get weary? O glorious resurrection day! Gladly will I fling aside this poor body of sin and fling it into the tomb if at Thy bidding I shall have a body that never wearies. That was a splendid resurrection hymn that was sung at my father's burial:

So Jesus slept. God's dying Son,
Passed through the grave and blessed the bed;
Rest here, blest saint, till from His throne
The morning breaks to pierce the shroud.

O blessed resurrection! Speak out, sweet flowers, beautiful flowers! While you tell of a risen Christ, tell of the righteous who shall rise. May God fill you this morning with anticipation!

I heard of a father and son who, among others, were shipwrecked at sea. The father and the son climbed into the rigging. The father held on, but the son after awhile lost his hold in the rigging and was dashed down. The father supposed he had gone hopelessly under the waves. The next day the father was brought ashore from the rigging in an exhausted state and laid on a bed in a fisherman's hut, and after many hours had passed he came to consciousness and saw lying beside him on the same bed, his boy. Oh, my friends, what a glorious thing it will be to wake up at last to find our loved ones beside us! Coming up from the same plot in the same graveyard, coming up in the same morning light—the father and son alive forever, all the loved ones alive forever, nevermore to die, nevermore to part, nevermore to die.

May the God of peace that brought again from the dead our Lord Jesus, that great Shepherd of the sheep, through the blood of the everlasting covenant, make you perfect in every good work, to do His will, and let this brilliant scene of the morning transport our thoughts to the grander assemblage before the throne. This august assemblage is nothing compared with it—the one hundred and forty and four thousand and the "great multitude that no man can number," some of our best friends among them, we after a while to join the multitude. Blessed anticipation!

Blessed are the saints beloved of God,
Washed are their robes in Jesus' blood;
Brighter than angels, lo! they shine,
Their wonders splendid and sublime.
My soul anticipates the day,
When stretch her wings and soar away;
To aid the saints, the palm to bear,
And low, the chief of sinners, there.

The Quince in History.

An English gardener writes: Independently of the fact that the praise of this ancient tree has been sung by classical writers, that it was worshiped by the Greeks, while Hercules is credited with having stolen the historical "golden apples," which, by the way, were quinces from the gardens of the Hesperides, so famous in ancient fable, the tree for its own intrinsic value as a prominent member of a well-known old family is worthy of general cultivation in our arboreta and shrubberies. If we take up any good authors on hardy trees we invariably find an interesting history of the quince. One tells us the forbidden fruit presented by Eve to her spouse (poor man!) was a quince, which Jewish tradition describes as "golden." Another says, as I have just observed, the golden apples of the Hesperides were bright golden quinces, not oranges; while others assure us that an ancient statue of Hercules himself was found in Rome holding three quinces in his hand. The quince was thought by the Greeks and Romans to be the emblem of love and happiness. It was dedicated to Venus, and the temples of that goddess at Cyprus and Paphos were decorated with the fruit. The nuptial chambers were also decorated with it, and the bride and bridegroom ate of the fruit after the marriage ceremony. This custom, according to Brand in "Popular Antiquities," was continued as late as 1725, when the husband presented a quince to his bride at an English marriage ceremony. So much for its ancient history; but what a falling off, what a far cry from the gardens of Hesperides to an isolated corner in an out-of-the-way orchard, for this is now the fate of the classical quince in modern England. But why allow it to remain in obscurity? Will no one introduce it as he would a standard thorn or any other deciduous tree to his choice selection of stately conifers, sadly needing relief, or plant it in the shrubbery, where the beauty of its flowers, independent of its golden fruit, would well repay the little care devoted to it? I well remember some years ago passing through a gentleman's orchard in Gloucestershire, and there the last tree, hemmed in by tall sheltering hedges, was a pear-shaped quince, literally weighed down with its bright golden fruit. It grew by the side of a small rivulet, just the spot for it, as the beauty of its large, fragrant pommes testified.

In Italy 71 per cent. of the women have chestnut colored hair.

A LITTLE SUFFERER

Cleansed, Purified and Beautified by the Cuticura Remedies.

It affords me pleasure to give you this report of the cure of our little grandchild by your Cuticura Remedies. When six months old his left hand began to swell and had every appearance of a large boil. We consulted a doctor, but all to no purpose. About five months after it became a running sore. Soon other sores formed. He then had two of them on each hand, and as his blood became more and more impure it took less time for them to break out. A sore came on the chin, beneath the underlip, which was very offensive. His head was one solid scab, discharging a great deal. This was his condition at twenty-two months old, when I undertook the care of him, his mother having died when he was a little more than a year old, of consumption (scrofula of course). He could walk a little, but could not get up if he fell down, and could not move when in bed, having no use of his hands. I immediately commenced with the Cuticura Remedies, using the Cuticura and Cuticura Soap freely, and when he had taken one bottle of the Cuticura Resolvent, his head was completely cured, and he was improved in every way. We were very much encouraged, and continued the Cuticura Remedies, year and a half. One sore after another healed, a bony matter forming in each one of these five deep ones just before healing, which would daily grow loose and were taken out, then they would heal rapidly. One of these ugly bone formations I preserved. After taking a dozen and a half bottles he was completely cured, and is now at the age of six years, a strong and healthy child. The scars on his hands must always remain; his hands are strong, though he once feared he could never be able to use them. All that physicians did for him did him no good. All that his mother before using the Cuticura Remedies, and see the child was really in a worse condition. If the above facts are of any use to you, you are at liberty to use them. MRS. E. S. DRIGGS, May 9, 1885, 612 E. Clay St., Bloomington, Ill. The child was really in a worse condition than he appeared to his grandmother, who, being with him every day, became accustomed to the disease. MAGGIE HOPPING.

CUTICURA REMEDIES are sold everywhere. CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, 50c.; CUTICURA SOAP, 25c.; CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, \$1.00; Prepared by the POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., Boston, Mass.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

ITCH, Scaly, Pimply and Oily Skin beautifully cured by CUTICURA SOAP.

Catarrhal Dangers.

To be freed from the dangers of suffocation while lying down: to breathe freely, sleep soundly and undisturbed; to rise refreshed, head clear, brain active and free from pain or ache; to know that no poisonous matter defiles the breathe and rots away the delicate machinery of smile, taste and hearing; to feel that the system does not, through its virus and arteries, suck up the poison that is sure to undermine and destroy, is indeed a blessing beyond all other human enjoyments. To purchase immunity from such safe should be the object of all afflicted. But those who have tried many remedies and physicians despair of relief or cure.

Sanford's Radical Cure meets every phase of Catarrh, from a simple head cold to the most loathsome and destructive stages. It is local and constitutional. Instant in relieving, permanent in curing, safe, economical and never failing. Sanford's Radical Cure consists of one bottle of the Radical Cure, one box of Catarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler, all wrapped in one package, with treatise and directions, and sold by all druggists for \$1.00.

POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

ACHING MUSCLES.

Relieved in one minute by that new original, elegant, and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. No ache or pain, or bruise or strain, or cough or cold, or muscular weakness but yields to its speedy, all-potent and never-failing, pain-relieving properties. At druggists, 50c. per box; for \$1.00, or of POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

AND DON'T YOU FORGET IT.

THE QUINCE IN HISTORY.

ATTENTION ATTENTION!

WALL PAPER AND OIL COLORS.

I keep the best and largest stock of all kinds.

Oil Colors, Varnish, Oil and Window Glass.

(Window glass of different sizes.)

I am able to compete with any business in the city in

WALL PAPER AND DECORATION

By working myself and employing only first class workmen, I am enabled to do better and cheaper work than any one of my competitors. I also offer my services in painting houses and in putting in window glass. Should my work not be satisfactory I will not ask any payment.

W. YERGENS, JR.

April 1885.

The Mirror

is no flatterer. Would you make it tell a sweeter tale? Magnolia Balm is the charmer that almost cheats the looking-glass.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

The partnership heretofore existing between the firm of Bruns & Vogler, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent of J. W. Bruns, and Th. P. Vogler. All claims will be settled by Th. P. Vogler. J. W. BRUNS, Th. P. VOGLER, Fort Wayne, Ind., Mar. 25-60443m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—Two story brick house, No. 248 West Berry St. Can give possession about April 1. Inquire of B. D. Angell, 754 Calhoun St. 31-12

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A team of horses, wagon and harness. Inquire at 99 Hoffman street. 24-6

FOR SALE—Wall paper, window curtains, Paints, etc., cheapest place in the city. L. O. Hull, 90 Calhoun street. April-1m

FOR SALE—One New National Sewing Machine No. 3 and attachments. Never been used. Will be sold cheap. Inquire at this office. 26-12

FOR SALE—A genuine Seal Skin Cap in splendid condition. Cost \$14.50 when new. May be had very cheap. May be seen at Adams express office. 12

FOR SALE—Magnetic Battery, Davis & Kidder make. Splendid thing for a physician. It cost \$12. Will sell cheap. Inquire at Adams express office. 12

FOR SALE—Old papers at this office.

LOST.

LOST—Somewhere on Berry or Calhoun, on Sunday, a large dress button. A reward will be paid for its return to this office. 22

FOUND.

FOUND—The cheapest place to buy Wall Paper—L. O. Hull's, 90 Calhoun street. April-1m

WANTED.

WANTED—A good girl to do general housework, pays good wages. Inquire immediately at 25 West Jefferson street. 30-2

WANTED—Homes for three boys, aged respectively eight, eleven and fourteen years. For further particulars please enquire at the rooms of the Relief Union, 64 West Ninth street, between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 m. 25-12

WANTED—A good German girl to do general housework for a small family. Call at No. 225 East Wayne street. 25-21

WANTED—Fifty young ladies and every body else to know that the cheapest place to buy wall paper is at L. O. Hull's, 90 Calhoun street. April 10-1m

WANTED—To rent by a gentleman and wife, a house of five or six rooms, within ten or twelve blocks of court house. Address K. A. H. P. O. Box 1,148. 25-12

NOTICE.—Business men are sensible of the fact that office appliances that save labor and dispatch business are generally desirable to have. In this respect the Ambert Cabinet Letter File ranks high. No one using it could be without it. Send for catalogue. Cameron, Ambert & Co. Jan-12

WANTED—All persons to know that you can get books bound in the style and on short notice at the Sentinel office.

RECOVERED—Umbrellas and parasols repaired and recovered at 33 West Main street. 25-21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

For a retailer for the Original \$3 Shoe. Beware of Imitations.

None Genuine unless bearing this Stamp

JAMES MEANS'

\$3 SHOE.

Made in Burton, Congress & Lane.

Best Calf Skin. Unexcelled in Quality. Guaranteed to last.

Warranted to give satisfaction.

Send for a card sent to us will bring you information.

Warranted to give satisfaction.

J. Means & Co., 41 Lincoln St., Boston, Mass.

Patents.

Send me a MODEL or DRAWING with Description of the invention. NO CHARGE FOR ADVICE. Fifteen years' practice before the Bar. I refer to Briggs & Co., and 2d Nat. Bank, Washington, D. C. Address, HENRY WISE GARNETT, Attorney-at-Law, and Counselor in

The Daily Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1886.

LOCAL LINES.

Very Rev. Father Brammer is quite ill.

Michigan City uses the Indianapolis Jenny Electric light.

Frank Dildine writes the Warsaw Times that he is not going to Chicago.

The Cincinnati May musical festival commences on May 18. Cheap rates on the railroads.

Mr. and Mrs. Kennedy, formerly proprietors of the Fleming house, have opened a restaurant adjoining the Daily News.

Engineer Isaac Myers has been severely ill, but has sufficiently recovered to get out, although not able to resume work on the Wabash.

Annie Pixley will have a big house Monday night. The advance sale of seats began at the Temple box office this morning with a rush.

Mr. Clarence Cook is at Washington, D. C. He has relinquished control of the World, and on his return will take a position at the Newspaper Union.

Commencing May 1 the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad will run refrigerator cars to all points north, for the accommodation of shippers of perishable goods.

The funeral of the late Isaac Harrod occurs to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock from his home in Madison township. Quite a number of people from this city will attend.

"Mrs. David Allegar, mother of ye editor, a former resident of Monroeville, now of Fort Wayne, who has many warm friends here, is quite sick," says the Monroeville Breeze.

The residence of Wm. Franke, in Madison township, was destroyed by fire Thursday. Mr. Franke is a brother of Deputy Marshal Franke and Gust Franke, of the water works office.

Passenger locomotive 1020 came out of the Wabash shops this week, having been re-built and put in first class condition. She is in charge of Engineer Jack Tyrrell and Fireman Will Iry, on the west district.

Supt. Wright and other officials of the Western Union Telegraph company, are in the city looking up the complications that have recently arisen regarding themselves, the Jenny Electric Light company and the city.

Rt. Rev. Bishop Dwenger, left here to-day for Elkhart, where he preaches to-morrow, administers confirmation, and lays the corner stone of a handsome new church. The Catholic congregation at Elkhart is very wealthy.

Never, at least for years, have the wild flowers been so profuse and beautiful as they are blooming now. In the woodland the scene is beautiful, reminding one of early spring, when May parties are of keenest enjoyment and pleasure.

"Sam Sinclair, of Fort Wayne, was in Huntington Wednesday. Sam is 'for-niss' President Cleveland in his alleged civil service policy, and the chief executive was considerably 'raw-hed' in his conversation," says the Huntington News-Express.

A Wabash switch engine blew out a cylinder-head at Lafayette this morning while doing some work at the junction. The jar shook up the citizens in that part of the city, but fortunately no one was injured, the switchmen being at the other end of the train.

Will Beaver having resigned his position as baggage master at the Wabash depot in Huntington to take charge of the electric lights, Agent Knapp has offered the position to John Hazlett, a gentleman from Pennsylvania. If he does not accept, it is understood that Charlie Miller, of Andrews, will receive the appointment.

"Deputy Marshal Wilkinson, of Fort Wayne, brought here to-day John Heutz, of Van Wert, Ohio, who is charged with opening letters belonging to another man at Decatur, Ind., and he was put in jail. Michael Bogner, George and Joseph Wetzel, of Decatur, are also under bond for sending obscene literature through the mail, and will be brought here for trial," says the Indianapolis News.

The Root of the Evil.
To thoroughly cure scrofula it is necessary to strike directly at the root of the evil. This is exactly what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, by acting upon the blood, thoroughly cleansing it of all impurities, and leaving not even a taint of scrofula in the vital fluid. Thousands who have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla, testify to its wonderful blood purifying qualities. Sold by all druggists.

"It is expected a new time card will be issued Sunday. Passenger train 49 will be abandoned, and train 43, which reaches Andrews from the east at 7:23 p. m., will run on about the schedule of train 49. Trains 41 and 46, will, it is reported, run through to Danville, instead of Lafayette, as heretofore. If this change is made, the locomotives which now change at Fort Wayne will change at Andrews," says the Huntington News-Express.

"That Miss Jones is a nice looking girl, isn't she?"
"Yes, and she'd be the belle of the town if it wasn't for one thing."
"What's that?"

"She has catarrh so bad that it is unpleasant to be near her. She has tried a dozen things and nothing helps her. I am sorry, for I like her, but that doesn't make it any less disagreeable for one to be around her."

Now if she had used Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, there would have been nothing of the kind said, for it cures catarrh every time.

A poor appetite, a badly nourished body, shattered nerves are the three worst enemies of human happiness. All who take NICHOLS' BARK AND IRON are effectually protected from these calamities. 17-4w

MAY SKY.

What the Heavenly Bodies are About to do.

A local astronomer gives this calendar. On May 1st the sun is 12 minutes and 36 seconds faster than standard time. Its right ascension is 2 hours, 34 minutes 18.60 seconds, or 3 minutes and 3 seconds less than that of the mean sun. The sun rises at 4:55 and sets at 6:59; the moon rises at 3:50 a. m.; Venus at 3:12 a. m.; Mars sets at 1:39 a. m.; Jupiter at 3:21 a. m.; Saturn at 11:10 p. m. The moon is in conjunction with Mercury May 1st, at 7:36 p. m.; Saturn May 7, 4:49; Mars May 12, 7:12 a. m.; Jupiter May 13, 10:38 a. m.; Uranus May 13, 10:45 p. m.; Venus May 29, 8:09 p. m. The moon occults during the month 114 almanac stars, besides the planets Mercury, Jupiter and Uranus. The occultation of Mercury, (May 1), is not seen north of 40 degrees north latitude, and of Jupiter, (May 12), not north of 12 degrees north latitude.

Railroad Circulars.

C. E. Gill, the general freight agent of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has issued a circular notifying shippers that the company is now prepared to transfer cars of freight across the straits of Mackinaw, and that a schedule of summer transfer rates will be sent to anyone wishing it.

C. L. Lockwood, the general passenger agent of the Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad, has issued a circular to his agents authorizing them to sell tickets at forty-five cents reduction from the regular tariff to all points in Arizona, Arkansas, Colorado, Dakota, California, Indian territory, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Missouri, Minnesota, Oregon, Nebraska, New Mexico, Montana, Texas, Washington territory and Wisconsin, also from rates to Menominee and Escanaba, Mich.

Is Your Liver out of Order.
Then is your whole system deranged—the blood is impure, the breath offensive, you have a headache, feel languid, dispirited and nervous, have no appetite, your sleep is troubled and unrefreshing. To prevent a more serious condition, take at once a half tablespoonful of Simmons Liver Regulator, three times a day—it will soon restore the healthy action of the liver, bowels and kidneys.

"I recommend Simmons Liver Regulator to all my friends, as I have personally known it to cure all liver disorders and sick headache." A. MERRITT, Beverly, N. J.

Theodore C. Marshall, of Rockville, left home last Friday with notes and money to the amount of \$1,001, and has not been heard of since. He is forty-six, has a family and does not drink. Fears are felt as to his safety.

SCOTT'S EMULSION OF PURE Cod Liver Oil, With Hypophosphates.
Possesses the remedial power of these two valuable specifics in their fullest degree. Is prepared in a palatable form, easily tolerated by the stomach, and for delicate, sickly children, Emaciation, Consumption and all impoverished conditions of the blood is unequaled by any other remedy.

The Republicans of Kosciusko will nominate their county ticket next Saturday. A goodly number of candidates are in the field for nomination.

In the Hop Plaster are united fresh hogs, gums and balsams, and its power is wonderful in curing back ache, sprains, bruises, neuralgia, pain in the side or soreness anywhere. Thousands testify to this.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup should always be used when children are cutting teeth. It relieves the little sufferers at once; it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It is very pleasant to taste. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for diarrhoea, whether arising from teething or other causes. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Jan. 19-codaily.

I think Ely's Cream Balm is the best remedy for catarrh I ever saw. I never took anything that relieved me so quickly and I have not felt so well for a long time. I used to be troubled with severe headaches two or three times a week, but since using the balm have only had one and that was very light compared with the former ones.—A. J. Alcorn, agent U. P. Ry Co., Eaton, Co.

I find Ely's Cream Balm good for catarrh of long standing.—M. N. Lasley, 1324 West Chestnut St., Louisville.

NERVE-LIFE AND VIGOR restored in men and women by using Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

WHEN DOCTORS cannot help you then take Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir for your throat and lungs.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN who lack vigor and vitality can be cured by Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

JAMES SULLIVAN of Salem, Oregon says he was cured of the Asthma by Gilmore's Aromatic Wine.

THE WIFE, MOTHER AND MAID who suffer from Female weakness, will find Gilmore's Aromatic Wine a positive cure.

For sale by Dreier & Bro's, and G. H. Gumpfer.

A. HATTERSLEY & SON,
PLUMBERS
Steam and Gas Fitters.

—DRAWMEN IN—
GAS FIXTURES
Main Street, East of Clinton, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Brass Work Iron and Lead Pipe
Lift and Force Pumps,
Sheet Lead, Bath Tubs, Wash Bowls
Rubber Hose, etc.

Old gas fixtures regit, bronzed and made old to new.

THE PRIMARIES.

The Candidates and Delegates to be Chosen and the Voting Places.

Mr. John Wilkinson, chairman, and Mr. Louis Fox, secretary of the county democratic committee, has ordered the election next Saturday from 4 to 7 p. m., of forty-four delegates to the congressional convention, which meets at Auburn, May 13, and forty-four delegates to the joint senatorial convention which meets at Fort Wayne, May 19. The following is the apportionment of delegates.

Abolition	Pleasant	1
Adams	Springfield	1
Cedar Creek	Scioto	1
Bel River	St. Joe	1
Jefferson	Waynes	1
Jackson	Washington	1
Lake	First Ward	1
Lafayette	Second Ward	1
Madison	Third Ward	1
Monroe	Fourth Ward	1
Marion	Fifth Ward	1
Madison	Sixth Ward	1
Maumee	Seventh Ward	1
New Haven	Eighth Ward	1
Perry	Ninth Ward	1

City Democratic Primaries.

At a meeting of the democratic city central committee it was decided that the primaries be held at the usual voting places on May 1, 1886, from 4 to 7 o'clock in the afternoon for the nomination of one councilman in each ward, and to nominate on water works trustee.

There will be but one ticket to be voted on Saturday, May 1, 1886, from 4 to 7 p. m., which will be as follows:

Name of councilman.
Name of water works trustee.
Name of congressional delegates.
Names of senatorial delegates.

Fred C. Boly, Chairman.
C. M. COMARRET, Secretary.
For the primary election to-morrow afternoon there will be but one voting place (the usual place) in each ward. At the election Tuesday there will be two voting places.

THE GREAT REGULATOR
SLIVER
PURELY VEGETABLE.
Are You Bilious?
The Regulator never fails to cure. I most cheerfully recommend it to all who suffer from Bilious Attacks or any Disease caused by a disordered state of the Liver.
KANSAS CITY, MO. W. R. BERNARD.

Do You Want Good Digestion?
I suffered intensely with Full Stomach, Headache, etc. A neighbor, who had taken Simmons Liver Regulator, told me it was a sure cure for my trouble. The first dose I took relieved me very much, and in one week I was as strong and healthy as ever. I was in the best medicine I ever took for Dyspepsia.
RICHMOND, VA. H. G. CRENSHAW.

Do You Suffer from Constipation?
Testimony of HIRSH WARDEN, Chief Justice of Ga.: "I have used Simmons Liver Regulator for Constipation of my bowels, caused by a temporary Derangement of the Liver, for the last three or four years, and always with decided benefit."

Have You Malaria?
I have had experience with Simmons Liver Regulator since 1865, and regard it as the greatest medicine of the times for diseases peculiar to Malarial regions. So good a medicine deserves universal commendation.
Rev. M. B. WHEATON,
Cor. Sec'y Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

THERE IS BUT ONE SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR!
See that you get the genuine, with the red Z on front of wrapper, prepared only by
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS, PHILADELPHIA, PA.

NERVOUS DEBILITATED MEN.
You are allowed a free trial of thirty days of the use of Dr. Dye's Celebrated Voltaic Belt with Electric Supporters. Appliances for the speedy relief and permanent cure of Nervous Debility, loss of Vitality and Sleep, and all kinds of nervous diseases, such as Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Stomach and Bowel Disorders, Catarrh of the Bladder, etc., etc. Also for many other diseases. Complete restoration to Health, Vigor and Manhood guaranteed. Glass Bottles containing capsules each. PRICE 25 CENTS. Mailed free, by addressing
VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
BAKER'S
Breakfast Cocoa.
Warranted absolutely pure Cocoa, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

MADAME MORA'S CORSETS.
MOST COMFORTABLE AND PERFECT FITTING.
Merchants say they give better results than any other corset they ever sold. Dressmakers recommend them for their fine shape. Cannot break over hips. Are particularly liked by "Ladies of Full Figure." Have the "LA RIGNE" and "ALDINE" which covers the open space and protects the shape. The "LA RIGNE" has the popular Remondet Brand. Beware of imitations offered to deceive the public. For sale by all leading dealers. Manufactured by
L. KRATZ & CO.,
Madame Mora's Corset, Birmingham, Conn.
Madame Mora's Aldine, J. G. Fitzpatrick & Co.,
Madame Mora's Comfort Hip, 71 Leonard St., N. Y.

MATHEY CAYLUS'
Over 25 years with great success by the physicians of Paris, New York and London, and superior to all others for the prompt cure of all cases, recent or of long standing. Put up only in Glass Bottles containing 24 Capsules each. PRICE 75 CENTS, MAKING THEM THE CHEAPEST CAPSULES IN THE MARKET.
Prepared by
CLIN & COE, Paris.
CAPSULES

Beware of
Scrofula is a disease which manifests itself in eruptions, boils, abscesses, sore eyes, expels all trace of leaving it pure, entire.
"I was severely and for over a year had on my neck. Took five Sarsaparilla, and considered C. E. LOVER, Lowell, C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Mass. Sarsaparilla cured him.

Salt Rheum
William Spies, Elyria, O., suffered from erysipelas and salt rheum, causing him to handle tobacco. At times his hands crack open and bleed. He tried various preparations without aid; finally took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now says: "I am entirely well."
"My son had salt rheum on his hands and on the calves of his legs. He took Hood's Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. STANTON, Mt. Vernon, Ohio.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.
100 Doses One Dollar.

A CARD.
Having made arrangements for an Elevator running to my Fourth Floor, and some other improvements in my Building, I am now prepared to
STORE STOVES

for my customers, and as many others who wish to have their Stoves taken care of and repaired, if necessary, and put up in good shape. I have the Latest Improvements in Gasoline Stoves, The Jewel and New Davis. If you want the best in the Market, see my Stoves before you purchase.

Stoves and Ranges! Refrigerators and Water Coolers! Ice Cream Freezers! and a General Line of Kitchen Furnishing Goods at Bottom Prices, at
H. J. ASH'S
Mammoth Cheap Store,
9 East Columbia Street.

STOVES STORED!
Apr 30-2m
ANTI-KALSOMINE.

We are now the agents for the only permanent wall finish Anti-Kalsomine. It covers as well as kalsomine, need never be washed to be renewed; will take a hundred coats if necessary, without cracking, chalking or peeling off. It is sanitary in its composition, kalsomine is not. It is also an excellent primer for outside as well as inside work; it fills the pores of the wood better than whitelead, ochre or any known pigment; makes a more solid surface, is much cheaper than ochre or lead, and is the best covering for walls known. Try it and be convinced.

We have also a large stock of wall paper patterns, ceiling decorations and borders, mixed paints, brushes, artists materials, etc. Give us a call at the paint and paper store of Wilding & Son, 191 Calhoun street. 13-1m

B. F. RICE,
Dealer in Mirrors, Pictures, Picture Frames, Plate Glass, Mouldings, and just received direct from the manufacturers, at a big discount for cash, some nice large Mirrors that will be sold at bottom prices, the motto is "small profits, quick sales and ready pay." We make Picture Frames to order; also, to repair Mirrors, either with new Frames or Glass, as desired. Call at No. 13 East Columbia street and get prices. apr27-1m

DENTISTRY.
GEORGE A. LOAG.
Office Corner of Calhoun and Columbus street. Over Graff's Jewelry Store.
Oct 26-1

KEMP'S BALM FREE.
Call at our store and get Free sample bottle of Kemp's Balm for the Throat and Lungs, the most successful Cough and Lung Remedy ever sold. YOU WILL see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Large size 50 cts. and \$1.
KEMP'S BALM FREE.
Respectfully,
DREIER & BRO.

OETTING'S
No. 362 South Calhoun Street,
For a full supply of
GROCERIES!
Vegetables in Season, always on hand.
Fresh Bread and Cakes
Every day. Also,
Wedding Cakes a Specialty.
April 6-9m

FOR COUGHS, CROUP AND CONSUMPTION use
TAYLOR'S
"CHEROKEE" REMEDY
The sweet gum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the Southern States, contains a stimulating expectorant principle that loosens the phlegm, producing the early morning cough, and stimulates the child to throw off the false membrane, and whooping-cough. When combined with the healing mucilaginous principle in the mullein plant of the old South, presents in Taylor's CHEROKEE REMEDY OF SWEET GUM AND MULLIN the finest known remedy for Croup, Whooping-cough and consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it. Ask your druggist for it. Price 25c. and \$1.00.
WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta, Ga.

OF SWEET GUM AND MULLIN.
The sweet gum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the Southern States, contains a stimulating expectorant principle that loosens the phlegm, producing the early morning cough, and stimulates the child to throw off the false membrane, and whooping-cough. When combined with the healing mucilaginous principle in the mullein plant of the old South, presents in Taylor's CHEROKEE REMEDY OF SWEET GUM AND MULLIN the finest known remedy for Croup, Whooping-cough and consumption; and so palatable, any child is pleased to take it. Ask your druggist for it. Price 25c. and \$1.00.
WALTER A. TAYLOR, Atlanta, Ga.

The Berian Counterfeit CONDENSOR
U.S. STANDARD
SIMPLEST, CHEAPEST & BEST.

Needed by every storekeeper. By mail upon receipt of price \$1. Send for circular to Berian Man'g Co., 44 Clinton Circle, New York.

RUPTURE
Cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer. Ease at once; no operation, or delay in business; tested hundreds of cures. Main office, 831 Arch st., Phila. at Custer house, Fort Wayne, Ind. and 10th of each month. June 12-1m

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR WATER WORKS TRUSTEE.
Editor of SENTINEL:
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for water works trustee, subject to the decision of the democratic city nominating convention.
D. B. STROPE.

CONGRESSIONAL.
To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
Please announce the name of Peter J. Schied as a democratic candidate for councilman from the Seventh ward, subject to the decision of the democratic city nominating convention.
JAMES H. DEMOCRATS.

CONGRESSIONAL.
To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
At the earnest solicitation of my many friends I have concluded to become a candidate for Congress (from the 12th district, subject to the decision of the democratic city nominating congressional convention.
S. S. SHUTT.

FOR COUNCILMAN.
To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
Please announce my name as an independent candidate for re-election as councilman from the Fourth ward.
GEO. W. ELY.

CONGRESSIONAL.
To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
Feeling honored by the already assured support of so many prominent, leading and influential democrats, I take pleasure in announcing myself as a candidate for councilman of the Fourth ward, subject to the ensuing democratic primary election.
JAMES H. DEMOCRATS.

DEMOCRATS.
To the Editor of THE SENTINEL:
Please announce the name of Dennis Monahan as a democratic candidate for councilman in the Second ward. Mr. Monahan has consented to make the rack of the urgent request of the Second ward.
DEMOCRATS.

EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a deliciously flavored beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."
—Civil Service Gazette.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half pound tins by grocers, labeled thus:
Homeopathic Chemists,
London, England.
Feb 20-masly
DR. JAMES M. DINNEN,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
100, 70 Calhoun Street.
Residence, 65 West Wayne Street.

TOWELS

We have just placed near the front entrance a big drive in

HUCKABACK TOWELS

all linen, fringed and bordered, SLIGHTLY SOILED, WORTH 50c. A PAIR.

We have marked them 29c. a Pair.

Secure some of these at once.

KID GLOVES.

We alone keep in stock the most reliable makes and give

A PERFECT FIT.

All kids fitted to the hand.

ROOT & CO.

Pyke's Grocery, 80 Calhoun Street.

Virginia Jams, finest in the market. Plum Puddings with Sauce. Boneless Chicken Canned. Potted Chicken and Turkey. Salmon Spiced. Baked Sweet Potatoes Canned. Figs Preserved. Pine Apple Shredded, something new. Gotha Truffle Sausage. Chipped Beef in Cans. White Port Wine, strictly pure. G. H. Mums Extra Dry Champagne. Virginia Jellies, warranted pure. Aug. 15-ly

Gasoline.

Vordermark sells the odorless and non-explosive IXL Gasoline. Orders will be promptly attended to be Telephoning No. 126. apr29-1m

THE CITY.

This is May one time. Al. Foote has organized a new bicycle club.

Last performance of "Our Jonathan" to-night.

Hon. M. P. Brady was accompanied by his wife.

Hon. M. P. Brady will return to Chicago this evening.

Next Wednesday occurs the annual Lake Shore railway meeting.

Wm. Keefe was fined for drunkenness by acting mayor Ryan this morning.

Miss Lulu Argo, the accomplished daughter of M. E. Argo, is again able to attend school at Monroeville.

One hundred and sixty-two quick delivery letters were handled in the Fort Wayne postoffice during April.

Weighmaster Ryan collected \$103.35 at the city scales last month. Mr. Ryan is the right man for the place he holds.

There was twenty loads of hay on the market at one time to-day. It sold from \$8 to \$10 a ton. Wood sold at \$5 a cord.

"C. G. Nichols was at Fort Wayne and Albion, last week. He was attending the removal of the remains of his parents from Fort Wayne to this place," says the Huntington correspondent.

The Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad company have issued a handsome little book, entitled "Rome City," giving a description and several illustrations of the site of the Western Chautauqua.

Hon. M. P. Brady, of Chicago, lectured to a fair audience at Library hall last night. He made a brilliant exposition of the Irish question. Mr. Brady is very radical, but he is an able man and pleased his house very much.

It has been decided to allow the Indianapolis, Peru and Chicago road to be sold at foreclosure sale. Noah H. Swayne, it is said, is negotiating with the Wabash company with the object of getting that company to secure control of the Indianapolis, Peru and Chicago.

"J. Rubin, formerly engaged in the wholesale and retail of fine cigars, at Fort Wayne, has, with his brother, embarked in business at Payne, Ohio, dealing in fresh meats, groceries, dry goods, and hardware. Joe was in town last Saturday with the anticipation of witnessing a prize fight, but was disappointed," says the Monroeville Breeze.

Mayor Muhler orders the saloon men to close their doors Tuesday.

"A Box of Cash" follows "Burr Oaks" at the Academy Thursday night.

Nelson M. Pittman sues Benton M. Holman for \$400. T. E. Ellison is counsel for the claimant.

A large class of children of St. Mary's congregation receive first communion to-morrow at the 8:45 services in the Cathedral.

Rev. Father Hartman, for several years pastor of Arcola, writes from his home in Alton, Ill., that he is regaining his health.

Mr. T. W. Fee, of 57 N. Cass street, reports a burglary at his house Friday night. The thief attempted to chloroform Mr. Fee's daughter.

The first annual ball of the Fort Wayne firemen, was a grand success and Arion hall was thronged last night. The floor officers were named yesterday.

Minnie Brown, the Lafayette street dame, says she did not take poison with suicidal intent and that she "didn't care a bit for Mr. Geiss, anyhow. So, there."

Miss Katie Grimm returned from Chicago last night, where she has been visiting friends the past week. Her many friends will be glad to hear of her return.

The county board of educators met today to look after educational affairs. The board consists of the various township trustees, with Supt. George F. Feltz as chairman.

"A. A. Chapin, of Fort Wayne, has been in attendance upon court this week. Mr. Chapin is spoken of as a probable republican nominee for congress," says the Lagrange Standard.

Mayor Muhler is at Grand Rapids to attend a special meeting of the Grand Rapids road directors relative to building the Muskegon branch, which will give Fort Wayne cheap lumber.

The republicans last night nominated Mr. Fred Beach for water works trustee, John Lillie, jr., for councilman in the Third ward and Paul Wolf for councilman in the Second ward.

At Potosky, the Grand Rapids and Indiana company have had a force of men removing the old engine house preparatory to putting up the new passenger depot, which is being built in sections at Kalamazoo.

A. C. F. Weichman, of this city, has had Captain John R. Smith, of Kendallville, arrested for alleged libel. It is said Smith exhibited a letter reflecting on Mr. Weichman. The case comes up for a hearing at Kendallville, next Thursday.

Mr. A. D. Hurm, of Chicago, has leased a suite of rooms in the Foster block and will establish a board of trade exchange. He will run a special wire into the room and receive stock and market reports from the great trade centers of the country. The plan is different from the bucket shop, as the transactions are to be direct.

Whenever the republican leaders of Fort Wayne become tired and sore in the throat crying about "county debt," "court house ring," etc., they meet in convention and pass a series of resolutions condemning Jeff Davis and all the southern people in general. We pity the poor south. If Mr. Robinson's resolution, which was passed last night by a standing vote of three members and one boy present, ever reaches Jeff Davis, he will take to the southern marshes and never show his long form in public again. We again pity the south.

Speaking of the arrest of a quartet of toughs at Decatur for writing an obscene letter, the Democrat adds: "Mr. Jim Wilkinson has only held the position of United States marshal since last November, but during that time he has fully established his fitness for the position by the energy he has manifested in discharging the duties of the office, and complying with the oath he has taken. During the short time he has been in office he has made seventeen arrests for violations of the government laws, and is known throughout the state as being one of the shrewdest and most earnest workers in the government service."

Tom McGovern, of Monroeville, is crazy again and Sheriff Nelson was asked to arrest him.

The weather indications for to-night and to-morrow for Indiana and Michigan are fair and slightly warmer weather.

The state board of health sends out a circular detailing the approach of cholera and asking all people to clean up.

Henry J. Meyer and his handsome bride are in the city to-day, on their way to Germany. He will remain here until Monday.

Bayless Swift, executor of the estate of Jay Phillips, this morning sued Mrs. Mary A. Phillips et al, to secure a partition of real estate and procure a settlement. Coombs, Bell & Morris are attorneys.

A prominent railroad attorney who thinks he fully understands the situation, says there is no doubt as to the re-organized Wabash Railroad company in due time securing full control of the Indianapolis, Peru & Chicago road. They have, he says, been working to such an end for months.

These deaths occurred during the past week: Minnie Grout, 26 years, consumption; Vincent Brizinski, 27 days, cramps; Benjamin Wiley, 54 years, railroad accident; Isaac Harrod, 74 years, blood poisoning; Hugh McKee, 61 years, exhaustion; Annie Tegtmeyer, 3 years, scarlet fever; Sarah A. McCormick, 77 years, old age; Wm. Luhnman, 34 years, lung fever; Gustave Miller, 55 years, paralysis, and Sarah Miller, 84 years, old age.

This statement details the work of the Fort Wayne postoffice during the month of April, 1886: Carriers employed, 11; delivery trips daily, 30; collection trips daily, 30; registered letters delivered, 593; mail letters delivered, 83,951; mail postal cards delivered, 17,259; local letters delivered, 13,842; local postal cards delivered, 7,925; newspapers, etc., delivered, 62,438; letters returned to the office, 42; letters collected, 42,497; postal cards collected, 10,878; newspapers, etc., collected, 3,567.

The social given under the auspices of the ladies auxiliary at the Railroad Y. M. C. A. last night, was a grand success. The main feature of the evening, as noticed, was the presentation of many pictures and such articles as would aid in decorating the rooms in an attractive manner. The ladies set a most bountiful repast before those who honored them with their presence, and all felt that they had been well treated. Above stairs all were on the qui vive. Everybody had a delightful time and felt glad to be one of the guests at this social. The S. M. T. wishes the auxiliary every success and trusts that their efforts hereafter will meet with the patronage such entertainments deserve.

Pure blood is absolutely necessary in order to enjoy perfect health. Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies the blood and strengthens the system.

Store your Stoves with Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

How Monroeville Loves Us.

[From the Breeze.] With the exception of the Fort Wayne delegation, there were but few drunks seen on our streets last Saturday.

Fort Wayne reporters failed to make mention of the two married men from that city who out such a swell about town Saturday evening, with a couple of flirts, or maehers, as they are pleased to term themselves.

Something New.

Baby Raising Made Easy.

A Carriage, Bed and Cradle all in one.

A Great Boon for Mothers.

56 CALHOUN STREET.

Keil Bros. April 1-100d-1m.

SINCE APRIL 17.

= Lucky Boom--Our List of Happy Patrons.

John H. Diecke, 50 West Wilt st. Fred Grote, St. Charles Hotel. Edward Leach, 64 Eckert st. Henry Toenges, 197 Ewing st. Wm. Gorham, 180 Greely st. Payton Smith, Aboite township. Rudolph Krull, 266 East Washington street.

Baker Rice, Wayne township. David Wilkins, Monroeville, Ind. Henry Kammeier, Washington township.

George Waldschmidt, Walton avenue. Philo Phelon, Riverside avenue. Were each presented with a barrel of fine flour by Sam, Pete & Max. Thousands hold numbers in the coming drawing of our Capital Prize, the All Steel Deering Harvester.

SAM, PETE & MAX. Remember the drawing does not close till August 1st. m13-mfsw-4m

Reduction on Potatoes. Best quality down to 40c a bushel. FRUIT HOUSE.

SAY, SIGNS?

Do you Want Any

If so, call on

W. S. HARRISON,

Not the only Practical, but one of the BEST SIGN PAINTERS in the city. Designs of any kind or work furnished on application. Prices far below any competitor. No. 27 Clinton street.

SIGNS!

tues thurs sat 43m

H. N. Goodwin's DOUBLE STORE.

TEAS, COFFEES, CANNED FRUITS, CANNED VEGETABLES, CANNED FISH, DRIED FRUITS, CONNECTICUT MAPLE SYRUP, ORANGES, LEMONS & BANANAS, FRESH VEGETABLES, RECEIVED DAILY. A Full Line of Extracts, Perfumery and Toilet Soap. Wood and Willow Ware. 124 Broadway. April 9-ly

Agent for Troy Laundry.

MUST GO

MUST GO.

Mr. Certia has given me legal notice to vacate his building as soon as my lease expires, which will be very soon. I find myself in a very bad shoe. NO ROOM AND A BIG STICK ON HAND. I am, therefore, compelled to sell my entire Stock of Dry Goods and Notions at a Great

REDUCTION!

It will be to your advantage to make your purchases of seasonable goods at once in order to secure the first choice. This is no idle talk, but a positive fact.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!! BARGAINS!!!

Standard Prints, now 3c a yard. Best Standard Prints, now 5c a yard. Best Gingham, now 6c a yard. Tinted Lawns, fast colors, 5c a yard. Fruit of the Loom Muslin, 8c a yard. Lonsdale Muslin, Green Ticker, 8c a yard. Jamestown Alpaca dress goods, 20c yard. English Cashmere, spring shades, now 18c a yard. 30-inch All wool Cashmeres, Spring shades, now 45c a yard. All wool black Cashmere, now 35, 47c, 55, 65 and 75c a yard. Good Shirting now 7c a yard. Pacific Chambray, now 10c a yard. Skirt Lining now 45c per yard. Best Drilling, now 7c a yard. Good Table Linen, now 18c a yard. Turkey Red Table Linen, fast colors, now 25c a yard. 20-inch all linen Crash, formerly 12c; now 7c a yard. White Goods, now 5, 8 and 10c a yard. India Linen, now 7c a yard. Victoria Lawns, now 7c a yard. Ladies' Muslin Chemise now 25c. Ladies' Muslin Drawers, now 25c. Ladies' Corset Covers, now 25c. Ladies' Muslin Skirts, now 65c.

EMBROIDERIES AT HALF PRICE.

Lace curtains at 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50 and \$2.50 per pair. Curtain Poles complete, now 25c each. Screen cloth now 8c per yard. Madras cloth for curtains, now 10c a yard.

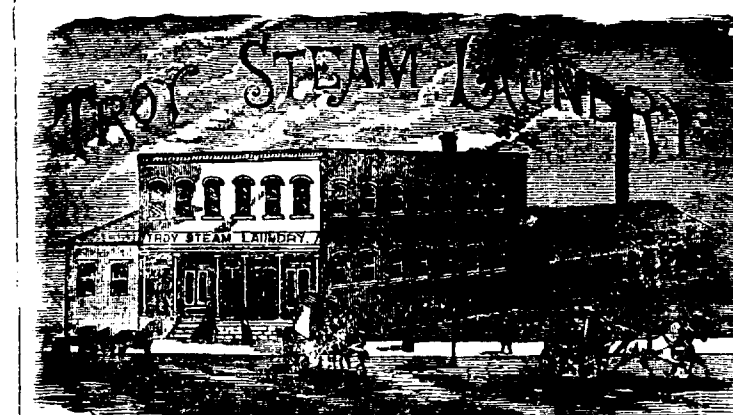
Notions and Fancy Goods AT 50 Cents on the Dollar.

All 25, 35 and 50c Buttons now 10 a dozen. Good Pins, 2c a paper. Best English Pins, 5c a paper. Nursery Pins, 2c a dozen. Ladies' Gauze Undershirts, now 25c each. Timbries, 3 for 5c. 6 yards Ruching for 20c. Ottoman Ribbon, in all shades, in No. 4, 5, 7, at 5c a yard. French Lace Caps for Children, now 15c each. Handkerchiefs for 3c, 5c, 8c, 10c and 12c each. Twelve yards Linen Lace for 15c, etc., etc. Also a full line of Gent's Suspenders, Shirts, Socks, Undershirts, Ties, all reduced prices. It will pay you to visit my store.

Samuel Chaska, 72 Calhoun Street. Opposite Aveline House.

Ham, Eggs and Butter Reduced.

Best Sugar Cured Hams, 10c. Fresh Eggs per dozen, 9c. Good Butter, 12c; best butter, 17c. FRUIT HOUSE.



F. L. JONES & CO. Fort Wayne, Ind. Office and works at 48 and 50 Pearl street. Central office at Golden & Monahan's No. 66 and 68 Calhoun Street. Wagon will call for and deliver goods to any part of the City. Orders by telephone promptly attended to. Telephone No. 100. Fri, Sat.

A VOLLEY FROM THE RANKS OF THE THUNDERING LEADERS!

Flashes of Electricity From the Clipper Clothiers!

STRIKE THE IRON WHILE IT IS HOT. PROCLAIM IT TO YOUR FRIENDS!

MAKE IT KNOWN TO YOUR ENEMIES!

No Discouraging Obstacles in Our Path to Impede the Progress of a Live and Snapping Business!

WE MEAN BUSINESS AND PLENTY OF IT.

We Stop at Nothing! Fear Nothing! Fine Goods and Low Prices Will do the Work!

The Power of Money.

25 Cents Buys of Us.	50 Cents Buys of Us	One Dollar Buys from Us	\$2 Buys from Us	"The Result of Pluck."
A pair of Heavy Elastic Cushion Back Suspenders. Two (2) pairs of Genuine British half Hose; A fine real Silk Neck Scarf; A boy's Striped Calico Coat; A pair of fire-gilt Sleeve Buttons; A boy's wool hat; Mens' Linen hats 3 styles.	2 well made Shirt Waists; A pair of boys lined Jeans Pants; A first class linen front Dress Shirt; A pair of Silk-End nickel trimmed Suspenders; A pair of Denim Overalls; A boy's black Alpaca Coat.	A pair of solid well made working pants. A blue or gray child's Sailor Suit; A genuine Skeleton Fur Hat; A man's Striped Summer Coat; A nice white Duck Vest.	A pair of mens' worsted pants warranted never to rip; Boys' (10 to 17) Jeans suits, coat, pants and vest; Childrens (4 to 12) worsted noby jacket and pants Suits; Mens' fine black or brown Stiff Hats; A suit of fine fancy striped Balbriggan Underware.	A man's woolen Suit; A boy's nice dress suit; We are showing 10 Styles of men's noby Cheek Suits at \$8 No inducements except such as will bring the solid cash to us and saving to you of from 10 to 25 per cent. Our fine Tailor made Clothing at a saving of Tailor bills to you are bound to interest you. All alterations and all traces of ready made removed FREE.

From east to west our praises ring. Of Clothiers, great and small, we are the "King-pin."
A. S. Lauferty & Co, No. 9 East Main Street.

The Fort Wayne Sentinel.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

SATURDAY EVENING, MAY 1, 1886.

PRICE THREE CENTS

CHANCELLORSVILLE.

A Picturesque View of the Great and Bloody Battle Field of May 1, 1863.

How the Blood-stained Grounds Looked Then and How They are Used To-day.

The Heroes of That Memorable Occasion and the Haunts Made Famous Then.

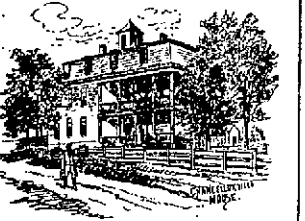
The Battle of Chancellorsville.

When the memory of the old soldier goes back to Chancellorsville, twenty-three years ago, who can describe his feelings? General Hooker stood at Spotsylvania commanding 182,908 Potomac soldiers and General Lee was on the heights of Fredericksburg with 62,000 men.

Backing Hooker were such warriors as Stoneman, Reynolds, Couch, Sickles, Meade, Sedgwick, Howard and Slocum. Lee had Jackson, Early and Anderson at his command, and there waged one of the fiercest battles on record, continuing from May 1 to May 4, 1863. A correspondent gives this account: In the summer of 1883 I visited again some of the famous southern battlefields. At Fredericksburg, Va., I procured a buggy and driver to drive to Chancellorsville. The driver was a young fellow of about 18 years, grown up since the war, but seemed to be well posted in regard to the various battles which had been fought in that section of the country, and gave me a good deal of information.

Our road led up the hill in rear of the town, by the stone wall and sunken road, which our men tried in vain so many times to carry, past the Mayre house, stopping for a few moments at the National cemetery, and then on to Chancellorsville.

The country presents but few natural features to attract the attention of the tourist. The farm-houses seem large and comfortable, and for the most part the farms seem to be well tilled. I learned that many of them were owned and occupied by northern or western men who had settled there since the war. My driver informed me that he could always tell the farm of a northern man by the fine outbuildings he always builds as soon as he locates. And I afterward found by observation that it was so. We passed through one section of the country which seemed to me to be a better place to fight a battle than Chancellorsville—plenty of room to deploy and maneuver large bodies of troops, which was not the case at Chancellorsville. I had been at the Chancellor house in 1870. The farm was then occupied on a lease by a Michigan farmer, and the villain charged me \$1.25 for a dinner of hog and hominy, and 25 cents for a glass of milk! May be never grow fat!



The house, which had been destroyed during the battle, had since been rebuilt in a very substantial manner of brick. The pictures accompanying this sketch were made from photographs by J. E. Graeme, photographer, Fredericksburg, Va.

In 1883 the house was tenanted by one Bob Oliver, a native of the vicinity. He was a man of about 35 or 40 years of age, and together with his son, a young man of about 30, and with the help of a negro carried on the farm. They proved to be very pleasant people and in the two days I stayed with them I received from them nothing but kindness, and in the evening, sitting on the porch, I listened to his stories of war times with much pleasure. For some reason or other Bob had not been in the army, but ran a small farm five or six miles from Chancellorsville, and judging from the accounts of Bob and his good wife, they had rather a lively time of it. It is to be believed the Confederates were even worse than the Yankees—anything in the shape of green corn or the contents of the smokehouse was considered fair game, and a horse was not safe even in the cellar of a dwelling house. During the last year of the war this section of the country was more or less exposed to the raiding of both parties. The inhabitants were obliged to give up even the pretense of raising a crop and to depend upon luck for the means of keeping body and soul together.

All this reminds me that no matter how carefully a man may have been reared—no matter how much trouble may have been taken to instill into his mind a proper regard for the property rights of others—once let him get a uniform coat on his back, and he seems to lose all conception of meum and teum, and to have no more scruples about confiscating a chicken, an armful of corn, a hog, or even a horse, than a cat would have over dining off a pet canary bird. I know a man now living at Hyde Park who stole a blacksmith's heavy hammer, and the most notorious forger I ever knew was the son of an Episcopal clergyman of Boston, and besides, I confess, that like the man who was warning his son of the evil results of card playing, I speak from experience. The general features of the battlefields are about the same as in 1863. The grounds about the house, and the opening on the south side of the plank road in the direction of Hazel Grove, are still open and devoted to agriculture, and what was forest on the day of the battle is forest still. As but few of the trees are of a kind valuable for timber, but few have been cut, and those principally white oaks for railroad ties, and with the exception of a few places where the young growth has crept out into the open, there is no difficulty in recognizing localities. Of course, the chief point of interest to me was the position occupied by Carr's—formerly Grover's—brigade, to which I belonged, to the right of the plank

road, and a short distance into the woods. I readily found the spot where I was captured. The two saplings between which I had twisted the barrel of my musket when captured because certain, had grown to be as large as my thigh; the ground about was still strewn with such of the debris as was not quickly perishable, such as belt plates, buttons and the other iron portions of a soldier's kit, and under the fallen leaves I found more than fifty bullets in a search of less than ten minutes. A short distance in front of the position held by the First Massachusetts regiment there is a wood road leading on to the right, and in the angle of the two roads stands a boulder about 4½ feet high; its other dimensions are about 2½



feet each way. It is a common quartz, brought there by a Fredericksburg gentleman, and is supposed to mark the spot where Jackson fell. But I was informed by the people residing about there that the exact spot is some thirty feet from the stone. The "victoria memorial" bears no inscription, and has been much mutilated by relic hunters.

In roaming through the woods that afternoon I suddenly came on a human skeleton. It lay close to the foot of a large oak tree, and was partially hidden by bushes and fallen leaves; the imperishable portions of the dead soldier's outfit lay with these bones, and the buttons and watch-belt plate showed him to have been one of our men. There was a hole about the size of a walnut through the left temple and a larger one in the back part of the right side of the head. Of course, there was nothing about to establish his identity. In mentioning the circumstance to Mr. Oliver and expressing surprise that the remains had not been picked up and interred at the National cemetery, he laughed, and said that if I wished he or his son would show me "right smart more of



them to-morrow." And true enough, he did take me to a place where, in a spot not larger than an ordinary suburban house lot, lay the skeletons of five men, three of whom were ours. He told me it was a common thing for northern visitors to carry away human bones as mementoes of their visit.

While in the woods I started several deer and twenty-five or thirty wild turkeys, and I never saw quail more abundant than they were in and about the openings.

In the evening, seated upon the piazza, I listened to the old man's stories. It seemed that when Hooker's advance reached the house it was occupied by Mrs. Chancellor and her daughter. When Hooker arrived in person to take possession of the place for headquarters, and finding the ladies there refused to allow them to leave to go to their friends, which was proper enough, but would not even let them go to a place of safety in the rear of our army, but made them remain in the house till the shells of the enemy had set on fire and he was obliged to abandon it himself. The house was completely consumed, as well as some of our wounded who were in it at the time.

The stories of the guileless Robert are not all to be believed, however. Pointing to a twelve-pound shot sticking into the west wall of the house, about twenty feet from the ground, he said, "Do you see that that bomb up there?" I nodded in acquiescence. "Well, that that bomb went from one of Jackson's cannons at that hill, and stuck in that that wall." I at once called his attention to the fact that a shot coming from "that that" hill would strike "that that" wall at such an angle that it could not "strike," but would inevitably glance off; that that portion of the wall had evidently been rebuilt since the battle, as shown by the fresh condition of the masonry; and besides, I remembered distinctly that when we passed the spot in May, 1863, the wall was down. The ball had been



placed there when the wall was rebuilt, but will answer all purposes to show to strangers. By the way, there are a good many bullets lying in the grass in the door yard, but as they don't seem to be braced or misshapen I have a great notion that the guileless Robert has "salted" the place. He told me a story of a darky going over the field a day or two after the battle to see what he could pick up while going through the pockets of one of the dead. He fancied he saw the corpse move. Oliver declares that the

son of Ham instantly turned white, took to his heels with the speed of a quarter horse, and was seen no more in that part of the country. But that story may be as apocryphal as the one about the "bomb."



As 9 o'clock drew near the family retired to their apartments, but I remained on the piazza alone till far into the morning. The night was clear and beautiful, the moon shone as brightly as on that terrible night in May, '63, when she looked down on that scene of horror. Not a sound to break the stillness except the occasional hoot of an owl in the forest back of the house and the mournful voices of the whip-poor-wills. I found myself wondering if there could be the same that sang their doleful songs that night twenty years ago over the stark and mangled forms that lay in the track of Jackson's victorious columns.

Then the recollections crowded upon me. Again I heard the booming of those guns which, late in the afternoon of the 3d of May, awakened us so rudely from our fancied security. Again the bugle sounded to call us once more to battle. Again we marched by the house where stood the old general we had followed so long—happily, his white hair the sport of the breeze. There on the plank road were the routed columns of the Eleventh corps—men, horses, guns, all in one inextricable mass, fleeing to a place of safety. There to the left is Hazel Grove, once in our possession, and the relinquishment of which made all this disaster possible. Down that wood road leading from Hazel Grove rode Maj. Huey, at the head of the Eighth Pennsylvania corps, and plunged headlong into the center of Jackson's line, ordered to check them at any cost. And what a cost! Men and horses went down by scores, and of all the officers the commander alone escaped unharmed. His horse bleeding from twenty wounds. There on that ridge Pleasanton placed the twenty guns and threw double canister into the faces of the enemy. Through that woods, at dead of night, swept Birney's division to



strike the enemy before he should have time to reform. There in that gloomy woodland road Jackson—Lee's right arm—went to his long account. Close to the woods I fell; I saw him now, as then, hands thrown into the air, the sword falling from his lifeless fingers. There was Hooker himself, striving to check the flight of the panic-stricken fugitives, and to wrest victory from the grasp of defeat.

Ah! there were other sounds than the mournful notes of the whip-poor-will with which the air was laden on those fair May nights twenty long years ago. The bright moonlight fell on other forms than those of the trees. Then field and forest resounded with the shrieks of mortal agony and the moon saw thousands of God's creatures, made by His own hand, in His own image, lying stark and stiff in valleys and on hillsides, wrapped in that slumber which knows no awakening. J. C. RILEY, "Blue Coat."

DR. BEN MOMMER.

A Young Man of Honor to His Profession.

It is always a pleasure to commend a young man who aspires to win an honored place in life and reach the top in a chosen calling. It is the purpose to refer to Dr. Ben Mommer, son of Mr. Joseph Mommer, who has established cozy dental parlors in his father's block on Calhoun street. Doctor Mommer is a graduate of the dental department of the Ann Arbor university, and a distinguished graduate of the great Central Dental school, of Iowa. He has been a close, profound student and adds to his book and school knowledge a practical knowledge of dentistry from his service in the office of Dr. Sites. Doctor Mommer has all the paraphernalia of his profession, and his office arrangements and facilities are unsurpassed in the west. The young doctor is all honor, and THE SENTINEL feels that his patrons will be more than pleased with his professional services.

Self Lighting Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

Kyle & Reid, the One Price Hatters, will remove to No. 80 Calhoun street, about May 4. 21

Staub Bros. are agents for Hot Air Furnaces, No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23if

Staub Bros. are headquarters for Gasoline Stoves and Refrigerators. 24-mws

The finest and cheapest at the City Green House. april23if

The Quick Meal and Crown Jewel Gasoline Stoves at Staub Bros. Store. 24-mws

Pansies 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 24-if

Store your Stoves with Staub Bros., No. 16 East Columbia street. 24-mws

FOR EIGHT HOURS!

Chicago is in the Throes of the Greatest Labor Revolt on Record.

The Wabash Freight Handlers and the Employes of Other Lines Quit Work.

The Strikers Marching Behind Bands of Music—The Labor Troubles Elsewhere.

The Universal Strike.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Seven furniture manufacturers on Jefferson street closed their factories last night to await the action of the executive committee of the Furniture Manufacturers' association. This looks out over 700 men.

Fully 500 striking railroad freight handlers met this morning. After speeches in favor of enforcing the demand now for shorter hours, the men started for the Wabash freight yards to urge the men employed to stop work. The crowd increased in size as it moved. They entered the Wabash yards and men there at once began quitting work and soon joined others in a body and went to the Rock Island and Louisville and New Albany and Chicago, where they met the same success.

The employes of the pork packers heard reports last night from some houses generally favorable to the adoption of the eight hour system, with a slight change in pay. They met again to hear the full reports. The men are disposed to give the packers time to consult and agree.

The freight handlers of the Illinois Central have asked for the eight hour system with ten hours a day, and want an answer by 4 o'clock to-day.

The handlers of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern expect to quit today, having been refused eight hours work with ten hours pay.

The handlers of the Louisville and New Albany and Chicago and Atlantic have made the same demand but received no reply.

The Western Boot and Shoe Manufacturers association have adopted a constitution and by laws and appointed an executive committee to take care of all disputes and manage the general concerns of the association. The shoe cutters assembly announce that after Monday next the men would work eight hours for two weeks, when a schedule of prices will be adopted.

The planing mill, lumber yard and box factory proprietors have called a meeting for to-night, pending which all lumber yards, planing mills and box factories are closed.

The Lake Shore men have joined the striking freight handlers.

The even hundred men in Kirk's soap factory have just struck, and the procession headed by a band is visiting other factories, endeavoring to shut them down.

The drivers and conductors on the Blue Island avenue line demanded a reduction of their trips from seven to six without decrease in pay. The company acceded.

Two hundred men employed by the West Division street car company in the extension of their lines, struck for eight hours. The company allowed the men to go.

The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul and Michigan Central freight handlers have stopped work and are marching quietly through the streets. About ten men in the Michigan Central yards refused to join the strikers and police protection was sought by the officers of the road. The police soon appeared and succeeded in clearing the depot without using violence, although the men grumbled at being forced back, claiming their intentions were peaceable.

AT ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, May 1.—Several hundred carpenters attended a meeting last night and it was decided that, beginning to-day, they would work eight hours with eight hours pay. The houses have agreed to the proposition.

All the plumbers in the city, numbering 200 quit work this morning. They demand the eight hour system without decrease in wages. The employers are asking time to consider.

One hundred and fifty employes of the Leggett & Meyers' tobacco manufacturing company struck for an increase of one cent per hundred pounds.

Two hundred and fifty ink works employes struck for eight hours without a reduction of wages.

The congressional investigating committee began an examination of business men, with a view of finding the extent of the loss to business by reason of the late strike on the Missouri Pacific.

AT INDIANAPOLIS.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 1.—The Woodburn-Surken Wheel company, the largest establishment of the kind in the country, refuses to pay ten hours' wages for eight hour's work, and have closed the factory until Wednesday, at which time employes desiring to resume operations at present rates will be given work.

AT PITTSBURGH.

Pittsburgh, May 1.—The furniture manufacturers having refused to grant their employes their demands for eight hours, a general strike was inaugurated to-day. Nearly every furniture factory

in Pittsburgh and Allegheny is closed. Over 600 men are idle.

The stone cutters are also out for nine hours a day. The employers are generally conceding the demand.

Five thousand men in the mining district have gone to work at the new scale of seventy-one cents per ton.

AT GRAND RAPIDS.

GRAND RAPIDS, May 1.—The furniture manufacturers and employes have adjusted their difficulties, beginning Monday with an eight hour system, the matter of wages varying in the different factories.

MILLS THREATENED.

CONCORD, N. H. May 1.—E. S. Harris, proprietor of the woolen mill at Pensacook, has made an oath that he believes his property is threatened by mob violence, and has notified the select men that he shall hold the town responsible for its protection. Special policemen have been appointed. The select men ordered the officers of the Knights of Labor, who ordered the strike, that they will be held answerable in the courts for any damage suffered by the town.

AT CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, May 1.—About 500 employes of the furniture manufacturers and 100 employes of the Bruns & Balke saw mill, billiard table manufacturers, are out in consequence of the refusal to grant ten hours pay for eight hours work. In other branches of the industry, while there is general feeling in favor of eight hours a day, nothing has been done toward enforcing the system.

AT MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, May 1.—All the brewers and masters in the city struck to-day. Not less than 3,000 men are affected.

AT ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., May 1.—Cigar makers commenced work on the eight hour plan to-day. They are paid by the piece.

AT DETROIT.

DETROIT, May 1.—Journeymen brewers, between 250 and 300, struck this morning for nine hours a day at ten hours' pay. Five breweries granted the demands unconditionally. No trouble in other branches of industry.

AT BOSTON.

BOSTON, May 1.—Carpenters, joiners and plumbers, five thousand men in all, have resolved to demand eight hours Monday. They will strike if the demand is refused. Two hundred master builders say they will close businesses rather than submit to the demands.

AT PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, May 1.—All the employes at one extensive brewery struck this morning. All work is stopped.

A STRIKE SUMMARY.

New York, May 1.—In summarizing the labor troubles Bradstreet says that eight hours have been granted to 32,000 employes; that 75,000 persons have petitioned for eight hours, and that 105,000 men will strike—80,000 for eight hours and 25,000 for nine hours. At leading centers it is estimated that 325,000 persons are interested in the eight hour movement.

The Third Avenue Railroad Company at New York has hired cowboys from the South and West to run its cars. The wild Westerners appear to be anxious for a chance to use their revolvers.

AB, THERE!

Lay off that last winter's hatband go to Golden & Monahan's, 66 and 63 Calhoun street, and get one that will be an ornament to your cranium. They have just received a fine line of all the latest styles in fine goods and straw which they are offering exceedingly low. They are also exclusive western agents for the celebrated Dunlap hats and have their spring styles in stock. We keep a fine line of genteel furnishing goods.

1t

Fine pianos, only 25 cents a dozen at Markey Brothers' greenhouses, corner Jefferson and Bwing streets. 1-4t

Everybody will eat, and why not eat the best as made at Niederberger's Bakery. He sells the choicest and best of everything in his line. 1t

For your Sunday supply of Fresh Baked Bread, Cakes, Rolls, etc., go to Niederberger's Bakery. He keeps the best of everything and can meet the wants of everybody. 1t

AT ST. LOUIS.

Strike at Ward's Cheap Crockery Store.

Best Iron Stone China dinner plates 70c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China tea plates 60c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China cups and saucers 70c per dozen.

Best Iron Stone China bowl and pitcher 75c each.

Best Iron Stone China covered chamber 60c each.

Good Lamp Chimneys 3c each.

Decorated Chamber Sets \$2.

Bargains in Glass Ware at half price. May 1, 11t-11t.

Proclamation.

Notice is hereby given to all saloon keepers and other retail dealers in intoxicating liquors in the city of Fort Wayne that they must on Tuesday, the 4th day of May, 1886, between the hours 8 a. m. and 6 p. m., keep their saloons or other places where intoxicating liquors are sold, closed or they will be prosecuted according to law. I charge the city marshals and police officers to report for prosecution any and all persons violating this order.

Witness my hand and official seal of the city, this 1st day of May, 1886.

CHARLES F. MUMMA.

Mayor.

1-2t

Pansies 35c a dozen at the City Green House. 24-if

Home.

FORT WAYNE MEN!

Quit Their Places and Join the Throng of Parading Strikers at Chicago.

The Marching Lumbermen Greeted by Red Flags and Advice to Fire Yards.

The Tumultuous Crowd Assembled on Lake Street to Hear Music and Fiery Speeches.

The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Strike.

By Telegram to THE SENTINEL. CHICAGO, May 1.—The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago yard and freight men all stopped work in obedience to the demands of the marching strikers.

INCHING ANSON.

The Lumbermen's procession was greeted by red flags from a number of saloons on the way. It dissolved at one o'clock without damage. At a mass meeting a number of speeches were made. One speaker advised the burning of every lumber yard whose proprietors refused the demands.

GREAT CROWDS.

CHICAGO, May 1.—3 p. m.—Lake street, from Clinton to Desplains, is packed solidly with people. Red flags are conspicuous, bands are playing and the crowds are being addressed in German and English. No disturbances have occurred. A good sized force of police is on the scene.

Pennsylvania Dividend.

By Telegram to THE SENTINEL. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., May 1.—The Pennsylvania Railroad company to-day declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½ per cent capital, clear of state taxes, payable March 29th.

A Big Elevator Burned.

By Telegram to THE SENTINEL. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 1.—The Advance elevator, Minter Bros., proprietors, was burned at midnight. Loss estimated at \$100,000; insurance on the building, \$17,000.

A Bishop Dead.

St. Louis, May 1.—Charles Franklin Robertson, bishop of the diocese of Missouri, died this morning from a complication of diseases. The funeral occurs Wednesday next.

Base Ball.

League ball games Friday resulted: Chicago, 6; Kansas City, 5, thirteen runs.—Philadelphia, 12; National, 3.—New York, 10; Boston, 2.—St. Louis, 8; Detroit, 6.

Moodily at Chicago.

CHICAGO, May 1.—D. L. Moods is expected to commence to-morrow, at the Casino rink, a revival campaign of eight days.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, May 1.—Wheat, easy, 78½.

Corn, easy, 35½. Oats, easy, 21½.

These excursions to Rome City are booked for the month of June. On the 4th Zion's Lutheran Singing Society; 5th, the Y. M. C. A.; 12th, the Monday at the Base Laundry; 14th, the Knights of Labor; 24th, the Sunday school of the Wayne street M. E. church.

Fred Schust has been appointed as baggage master of the Wabash at this point in place of Fred Hollenbeck, who resigned.

Geraniums, 10c a dozen, at the City Green House. 23-1t

Notice to Contractors.

Sealed proposals will be received at the residence of Rev. J. H. Oechtering until Monday, May 3, 10 a. m., for laying of the foundation walls of St. Mary's Catholic church. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Henry Berghoff. The committee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Bonds for faithful performance of contract will be required.

By order of building committee.

30-2t J. H. OECHECTER, Pastor.

Pure sarsaparilla Water, "Excelsior Spring," on draught, 5 cents a glass, at Dreier Bros. Tues, Thurs & Sat

Given Away.

Every purchaser, excepting thread customers, will be presented with a gilt lace pin after 6 o'clock this evening.

SAUEL CHASKA,

72 Calhoun street.

Don't fail to visit the Model Bakery this evening for your Sunday's supply in delicacies.

Geraniums, 40c a doz., at the City Green House. april23if

I beg leave to announce that the opening of the Tivoli Garden resort will take place Sunday afternoon, May 2. The City band will give a fine concert. The best order will be maintained and polite attendance given to the wishes of the visitors. No admission fee will be charged. The garden will from now on be open every day and can be had by societies and families for picnics.

PATRIC MURRAY,

Proprietor.

thurs&sat

FROM RENT.—House No 234 High street four good rooms eastern wall and all accommodations complete. 28-1t

Home.

